



education

Department:
Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

**NATIONAL
SENIOR CERTIFICATE**

GRADE 11

MATHEMATICS P2

EXEMPLAR 2007

MEMORANDUM

This memorandum consists of 12 pages.

QUESTION 1

1.1 $m_{AB} = \frac{1-4}{3-0} = -1$ $m_{CD} = \frac{-2-(-5)}{-6-(-3)} = -1$ $m_{AD} = \frac{-2-4}{-6-0} = 1$ $m_{BC} = \frac{-5-1}{-3-3} = 1$ $m_{AB} = m_{CD}$ $\therefore AB \parallel CD$ $m_{AD} = m_{BC}$ $\therefore AD \parallel BC$ $\therefore ABCD$ is a parallelogram as both pairs of opposite sides are parallel. $m_{AB} \cdot m_{AD} = (-1) \times (1) = -1$ $AB \perp AD$ $ABCD$ is a rectangle (internal angles = 90°)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ substitution into formula ✓ answer m_{AB}. ✓ answer m_{CD}. ✓ answer m_{AD}. ✓ answer m_{BC}. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ parallel lines <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ parallelogram <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ multiply gradients = -1 ✓ reason (9)
1.2 $\text{Midpoint} = \left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}; \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right)$ $\text{Midpoint } AC = \left(\frac{0+3}{2}; \frac{4+5}{2} \right) = \left(-\frac{3}{2}; -\frac{1}{2} \right)$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ answer x ✓ answer y (2)

[11]

QUESTION 2

2.1 $\begin{aligned} m_{PQ} &= \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \\ &= \frac{2 + 4}{-4 + 2} \\ &= -3 \end{aligned}$ $\begin{aligned} m_{PR} &= \frac{-4 + 1}{-2 - 7} \\ &= \frac{1}{3} \end{aligned}$ $m_{PQ} \cdot m_{PR} = -3 \times \frac{1}{3} = -1$ $\therefore \Delta PQR \text{ is right-angled at } \hat{P}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ formula ✓ substitution ✓ answer ✓ substitution ✓ answer ✓ multiplication ✓ conclusion
2.2 $\begin{aligned} PQ &= \sqrt{(-4 - (-2))^2 + (2 - (-4))^2} \\ PQ &= \sqrt{4 + 36} \\ PQ &= 2\sqrt{10} \\ PR &= \sqrt{(7 - (-2))^2 + (-1 - (-4))^2} \\ PR &= \sqrt{81 + 9} \\ PR &= 3\sqrt{10} \\ \text{Area } \Delta PQR &= \frac{1}{2} PR \cdot PQ \\ \text{Area } \Delta PQR &= \frac{1}{2} (3\sqrt{10})(2\sqrt{10}) \\ \text{Area } \Delta PQR &= 30 \text{ units}^2 \end{aligned}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ substitution ✓ answer PQ ✓ substitution ✓ answer PR ✓ substitution ✓
2.3 $\begin{aligned} \tan \theta &= -3 \\ \text{ref angle: } 71,57^\circ &\approx 72^\circ \\ \hat{PQR} &= 180^\circ - 72^\circ \\ \hat{PQR} &= 108^\circ \end{aligned}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ statement ✓ reference angle ✓ answer
2.4 $\begin{aligned} M &\left(\frac{-4 + 7}{2}; \frac{2 - 1}{2} \right) \\ M &\left(\frac{3}{2}; \frac{1}{2} \right) \end{aligned}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ x-coordinate ✓ y-coordinate

2.5 $y - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{3} \left(x - \frac{3}{2} \right)$ $y = \frac{1}{3}x$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ gradient = $\frac{1}{3}$ ✓ substitution x ✓ substitution y ✓ ✓ answer (5)
2.6 Midpoint PQ $\left(\frac{-4-2}{2}; \frac{2-4}{2} \right)$ Midpoint PQ $(-3; -1)$ $y = \frac{1}{3}(-3)$ $y = -1$ \therefore Midpoint PQ does lie on the line MN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ x-coordinate ✓ y-coordinate ✓ substitution of x ✓ conclusion (4)

[27]

QUESTION 3

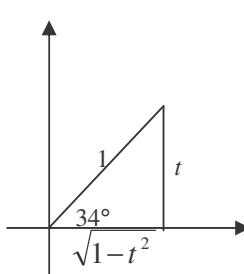
3.1 $(x; y) \rightarrow (-x; y)$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ x-coordinate ✓ y-coordinate (2)
3.2 Transformation 1: Rotation around the origin through 180° Transformation 2: Reflection about the y-axis and a reflection about the x-axis	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ rotation ✓ 180° ✓ Reflection ✓ y-axis ✓ Reflection ✓ x-axis (6)
3.3 $D' (2; -2)$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ x-coordinate ✓ y-coordinate (2)

[10]

QUESTION 4

4.1.1		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ correct vertex A' ✓ correct vertex B' ✓ correct vertex C' ✓ correct vertex D' ✓ accuracy of drawing (5)
4.1.2	$A'(2;6)$ $C'(4;-2)$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ coordinate A' ✓ coordinate C' (2)
4.1.3	$A'B'C'D' = 4x$ square units	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ ✓ answer (2)
4.2.1	$(x; y) \rightarrow (-y; x)$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ interchanging ✓ correct signs (2)
4.2.2	$A''(-3; 1)$ $B''(-2; 3)$ $C''(1; 2)$ $D''(0; 1)$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ coordinate A'' ✓ coordinate B'' ✓ coordinate C'' ✓ coordinate D'' (4)
		[15]

QUESTION 5

<p>5.1.1</p> $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\cos 150^\circ \tan 225^\circ}{\sin(-60^\circ) \cos 480^\circ} \\ &= \frac{-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot 1}{-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot -\frac{1}{2}} \\ &= -2 \end{aligned}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ $\tan 225^\circ = \tan 45^\circ = 1$ ✓ $\cos 150^\circ = -\cos 30^\circ = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ ✓ $\sin(-60^\circ) = -\sin 60^\circ = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ ✓ $\cos 480^\circ = -\cos 60^\circ = -\frac{1}{2}$ ✓ answer
<p>5.1.2</p> $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\cos(90^\circ + x)}{\cos(360^\circ - x) \tan(180^\circ - x)} \\ &= \frac{(-\sin x)}{(\cos x)(-\tan x)} \\ &= \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \div \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \quad \text{OR} \quad -\tan x \times \frac{1}{-\tan x} \\ &= 1 \end{aligned}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ $-\sin x$ ✓ $\cos x$ ✓ $-\tan x$ ✓ $\tan x = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$ ✓ answer
<p>5.1.3</p> $\begin{aligned} & \cos^2 x \left[\frac{1}{\sin x - 1} + \frac{1}{\sin x + 1} \right] \\ &= \cos^2 x \left[\frac{\sin x + 1 + \sin x - 1}{(\sin x + 1)(\sin x - 1)} \right] \\ &= \cos^2 x \left[\frac{2 \sin x}{\sin^2 x - 1} \right] \\ &= \cos^2 x \left[\frac{2 \sin x}{\cos^2 x} \right] \\ &= 2 \sin x \end{aligned}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ denominator ✓ numerator ✓ $2 \sin x$ ✓ $\sin^2 x - 1$ ✓ $\cos^2 x$ ✓ answer
<p>5.2.1</p> $\begin{aligned} & \cos 56^\circ \\ &= \cos(90^\circ - 34^\circ) \\ &= \sin 34^\circ \\ &= t \end{aligned}$	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ $\sin 34^\circ$ ✓ answer
<p>5.2.2</p> $\begin{aligned} & \tan(-34^\circ) \\ &= (-\tan 34^\circ) \\ &= \left(-\frac{t}{\sqrt{1-t^2}} \right) \end{aligned}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ $-\tan 34^\circ$ ✓ ✓ trig ratio

NSC
MEMORANDUM

<p>5.3.1</p> $7 \cos 2x = -2$ $\cos 2x = -\frac{2}{7}$ <p>ref angle : $73,3984504\dots^\circ \approx 73,4^\circ$</p> $2x = 180^\circ - 73,4^\circ \quad \text{or} \quad 2x = 180^\circ + 73,4^\circ$ $x = 53,3^\circ \quad \quad \quad x = 126,7^\circ$	<p>$\checkmark \cos 2x = -\frac{2}{7}$</p> <p>$\checkmark$ ref. angle</p> <p>$\checkmark \checkmark$ correct quadrants</p> <p>$\checkmark \checkmark$ answers</p>	<p>(6)</p>
<p>5.3.2</p> $\cos x(\sin x - 1) = 0$ $\cos x = 0 \text{ or } \sin x = 1$ $x = 90^\circ + k \cdot 360^\circ \quad k \in \mathbb{Z} \quad \text{or} \quad x = 90^\circ + k \cdot 360^\circ \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$ $x = 270^\circ + k \cdot 360^\circ \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$ <p>which is the same as</p> $\therefore x = 90^\circ + k \cdot 180^\circ \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$	<p>$\checkmark \sin x = 1$</p> <p>$\checkmark \cos x = 0$</p> <p>$\checkmark x = 90^\circ + k \cdot 360^\circ \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$</p> <p>$\checkmark x = 270^\circ + k \cdot 360^\circ \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$</p> <p>$\checkmark x = 90^\circ + k \cdot 180^\circ \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$</p>	<p>(5)</p>

[32]

QUESTION 6

<p>6.1.1</p> $\hat{L} = 10^\circ$	<p>\checkmark answer</p>	<p>(1)</p>
<p>6.1.2</p> $\frac{25}{KT} = \sin 17^\circ$ $KT \cdot \sin 17^\circ = 25$ $KT = \frac{25}{\sin 17^\circ}$ $KT = 85,51m$	<p>$\checkmark \sin 17^\circ$</p> <p>$\checkmark \frac{25}{KT}$</p> <p>\checkmark answer</p>	<p>(3)</p>
<p>6.1.3</p> $\frac{KL}{\sin 7^\circ} = \frac{85,51}{\sin 10^\circ}$ $KL = \frac{85,51 \cdot \sin 7^\circ}{\sin 10^\circ}$ $KL = 60,01m$	<p>\checkmark sine rule</p> <p>$\checkmark \checkmark$ substitution</p> <p>\checkmark answer</p>	<p>(4)</p>
<p>6.2.1</p> $\hat{C}_1 = 36^\circ$ $G\hat{C}A = 41^\circ$ $GA^2 = (8,3)^2 + (4,8)^2 - 2(8,3)(4,8) \cdot \cos 41^\circ$ $GA^2 = 31,79474065\dots$ $GA = 5,6 \text{ kms}$	<p>$\checkmark G\hat{C}A = 41^\circ$</p> <p>$\checkmark$ cos rule</p> <p>\checkmark substitution</p> <p>\checkmark answer</p>	<p>(4)</p>

NSC
MEMORANDUM

6.2.2	$\text{Area } \Delta GCA = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (8,3)(4,8) \cdot \sin 41^\circ$ $\text{Area } \Delta GCA = 13,07 \text{ kms}^2$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ area rule ✓ substitution ✓ answer <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[15]</p>
-------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

QUESTION 7

7.1	<p>Height of the cone = $140 - 40 = 100 \text{ cm}$</p> $\text{Volume of cone} = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ $= \frac{1}{3}\pi \cdot (40)^2 \cdot 100$ $= 167551,6082 \text{ cm}^3$ $\text{Volume of the hemisphere} = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 \right]$ $= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{4}{3}\pi \cdot (40)^3$ $= 134041,2866 \text{ cm}^3$ $\text{Total volume of model} = 301\ 592,89 \text{ cm}^3$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ substitution ✓ answer ✓ $\frac{1}{2}$ ✓ answer ✓ total answer <p style="text-align: right;">(5)</p>
-----	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

NSC
MEMORANDUM

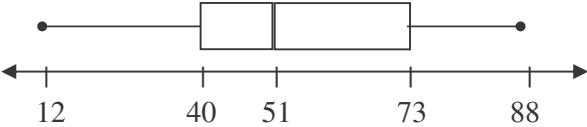
7.2 $H^2 = 1^2 + (0,4)^2 = 1,16$ $H = 1,077032961 \text{ m}$ Total exterior surface area = surface area of hemisphere + surface area of cone $= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 4\pi r^2 + \pi r H$ $= 2\pi \cdot (0,4)^2 + \pi \cdot (0,4) \cdot (1,07703961)$ $= 2,358 \dots \text{m}^2$ $= 2,36 \text{ m}^2$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Pythagoras ✓ Slant height ✓ addition of formulae ✓ substitution ✓ answer
7.3 mass = $2,36 \times 2,5$ mass = 5,90 kg	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ answer

(5)

(1)

[11]

QUESTION 8

8.1 12 29 33 39 40 42 48 50 50 51 55 58 62 64 73 76 77 80 88 median : 51	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ ordered data ✓ median
8.2 lower quartile : 40 upper quartile : 73	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Q_1 ✓ Q_3
8.3 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ min / max ✓ quartiles ✓ box joining ✓ whiskers
8.4 One quarter, 25%, of the player's scores were below 40 runs OR Three quarters, 75%, of the player's scores were above 40 runs.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ answer

(2)

(2)

(4)

(1)

[9]

QUESTION 9

9.1	<p style="text-align: center;">Scatter plot</p> <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Year</th><th>Number of people infected</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>2001</td><td>118</td></tr><tr><td>2002</td><td>125</td></tr><tr><td>2003</td><td>130</td></tr><tr><td>2004</td><td>133</td></tr><tr><td>2005</td><td>136</td></tr></tbody></table>	Year	Number of people infected	2001	118	2002	125	2003	130	2004	133	2005	136	✓ axes ✓ plotting the points (3)
Year	Number of people infected													
2001	118													
2002	125													
2003	130													
2004	133													
2005	136													
9.2	Linear	✓ answer (1)												
9.3	141 People	✓ answer (1) [5]												

QUESTION 10

10.1	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Mark</th><th>Frequency</th><th>Cumulative Frequency</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>$0 \leq m < 30$</td><td>6</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr> <td>$30 \leq m < 60$</td><td>12</td><td>18</td></tr> <tr> <td>$60 \leq m < 90$</td><td>38</td><td>56</td></tr> <tr> <td>$90 \leq m < 120$</td><td>42</td><td>98</td></tr> <tr> <td>$120 \leq m < 150$</td><td>12</td><td>110</td></tr> <tr> <td>$150 \leq m < 180$</td><td>10</td><td>120</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Mark	Frequency	Cumulative Frequency	$0 \leq m < 30$	6	6	$30 \leq m < 60$	12	18	$60 \leq m < 90$	38	56	$90 \leq m < 120$	42	98	$120 \leq m < 150$	12	110	$150 \leq m < 180$	10	120	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ correct totals ✓ 120 (2)
Mark	Frequency	Cumulative Frequency																					
$0 \leq m < 30$	6	6																					
$30 \leq m < 60$	12	18																					
$60 \leq m < 90$	38	56																					
$90 \leq m < 120$	42	98																					
$120 \leq m < 150$	12	110																					
$150 \leq m < 180$	10	120																					
10.2	<p style="text-align: center;">Ogive representing Marks obtained in Accounting Examination</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Cumulative Frequency</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Marks</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ axes (correctly labelled) ✓ plotting points correctly ✓ shape (3)																					
10.3	Median ≈ 91	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ answer (1)																					

QUESTION 11

11.1	$\bar{x} = \frac{480}{10} = 48$	✓ sum ✓ answer (2)																																				
11.2	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Data</th> <th>$(x_i - \bar{x})$</th> <th>$(x_i - \bar{x})^2$</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>21</td><td>-27</td><td>729</td></tr> <tr><td>32</td><td>-16</td><td>256</td></tr> <tr><td>37</td><td>-11</td><td>121</td></tr> <tr><td>38</td><td>-10</td><td>100</td></tr> <tr><td>42</td><td>-6</td><td>36</td></tr> <tr><td>51</td><td>3</td><td>9</td></tr> <tr><td>55</td><td>7</td><td>49</td></tr> <tr><td>62</td><td>14</td><td>196</td></tr> <tr><td>68</td><td>20</td><td>400</td></tr> <tr><td>74</td><td>26</td><td>676</td></tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">$\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 =$</td><td>2572</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Data	$(x_i - \bar{x})$	$(x_i - \bar{x})^2$	21	-27	729	32	-16	256	37	-11	121	38	-10	100	42	-6	36	51	3	9	55	7	49	62	14	196	68	20	400	74	26	676	$\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 =$		2572	✓ calculating differences ✓ calculating squares ✓ sum (3)
Data	$(x_i - \bar{x})$	$(x_i - \bar{x})^2$																																				
21	-27	729																																				
32	-16	256																																				
37	-11	121																																				
38	-10	100																																				
42	-6	36																																				
51	3	9																																				
55	7	49																																				
62	14	196																																				
68	20	400																																				
74	26	676																																				
$\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 =$		2572																																				
11.3	$\text{Variance} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{10} = 257,2$	✓ dividing by 10 ✓ answer (2)																																				
11.4	$\text{Standard Deviation} = \sqrt{257,2} = 16,04$	✓ answer (1)																																				
11.5	Seven of the players are within the standard deviation distance from the mean. These players have scored points close to the mean score. This suggests that they have played well together as a team.	✓ close to the mean score (1) [9]																																				