

DIRECTORATE:

CURRICULUM FET PROGRAMMES

LESSON PLANS

TERM 4

ENGLISH FAL

GRADE 10

FOREWORD

The following Grade 10, 11 and 12 Lesson Plans were developed by Subject Advisors during May 2009. Teachers are requested to look at them, modify them where necessary to suit their contexts and resources. It must be remembered that Lesson Plans are working documents, and any comments to improve the lesson plans in this document will be appreciated. Teachers are urged to use this document with the following departmental policy documents: Subject Statement; LPG 2008; SAG 2008; Examination Guidelines 2009 and Provincial CASS Policy / Guidelines.

Lesson planning is the duty of each and every individual teacher but it helps when teachers sometimes plan together as a group. This interaction not only helps teachers to understand how to apply the Learning Outcomes (LOs) and Assessment Standards (ASs) but also builds up the confidence of the teachers in handling the content using new teaching strategies.

It must please be noted that in order to help teachers who teach across grades and subjects, an attempt has been made to **standardise lesson plan templates** and thus the new template might not resemble the templates used in each subject during the NCS training. However, all the essential elements of a lesson plan have been retained. This change has been made to assist teachers and lighten their administrative load.

Please note that these lesson plans are to be used only as a guide to complete the requirements of the Curriculum Statements and the work schedules and teachers are encouraged to develop their own learner activities to supplement and /or substitute some of the activities given here (depending on the school environment, number and type of learners in your class, the resources available to your learners, etc).

Do not forget to build in the tasks for the Programme of Assessment into your Lesson Plans.

Strengthen your efforts by supporting each other in clusters and share ideas. Good Luck with your endeavours to improve Teaching, Learning and Assessment.

SUBJECT: ENGLISH FAL GRADE: 10 LESSON PLAN 1 TERM 4 TIME: 2 WEEKS(weeks 3 & 4); 9 hours

CORE CONTENT:

• Critical Language awareness; Dialogues

LEARNING OUTCOME 1: Listening and Speaking	LEARNING OUTCOME 2: Reading and Viewing	LEARNING OUTCOME 3: Writing and presenting	LEARNING OUTCOME 4: Language
Demonstrate knowledge of different forms of oral communication for social purposes	Demonstrate reading and viewing strategies for comprehension and appreciation	Demonstrate skills for writing for a specific purpose, audience and context	Identify and explain the meanings of words and use them correctly in a range of texts;
Demonstrate planning and research skills for oral presentations	Explain the meaning of a wide range of written, visual, audio and audio-visual texts	Demonstrate the use of writing strategies and techniques for first drafts	Use structurally sound sentences in a meaningful and functional manner
Demonstrate the skills of listening and delivery of fluent and expressive oral presentations	Recognise how language and images may reflect and shape values and attitude in texts	Reflect on, analyse and evaluate own work, considering the opinions of others, and present final product	Use figurative language effectively and is able to do translation from and into home language
Demonstrate critical awareness of language use in oral situations	Express the key features of texts and explain how they contribute to meaning		
	Recognise how drama, film study etc can impart meaning, understand		

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	techniques employed				
TEACHING ACTIVITIES	LEARNERS ACTIVITIES		RESOURCES	ASSESSMENT	DAT E CO MPL ETE D
LO 1 Listening and speaking	Learners present interviews and		F	Continuation from weeks 1 and 2.	
AS 2.1-3 AS3.1,2, 3 &5	class listens attentively. May a questions.	SK	Teacher: Guidelines to Oral Assessment	Teacher assessment, using Dept. rubric. 10 Marks Task 14	
Interviews: continued from weeks 1 and two)					
LO 2 Reading and viewing					
AS2.1-7	Learners take part in discussion.	Prescribed text			
Genre 1 (short story, poetry, drama)over two weeks)	Good readers read dialogue pa				
Example: Short story: The Suitcase					
Pre-reading: discuss the effects of unemployment.					
Discuss how some people were treated during the apartheid era. This story is					

set pre-1994.			
Discuss how easy it is to leave something behind in a bus, train, etc.			
Reading the story: note the attitude of the white employers; Timi's desperate lies.			Self assessment.
This story has a twist in the tail (unexpected ending).	Learners write answers to questions		Teacher provides answers from memo.
This story is i ronic: the main character thinks that the suitcase contains something valuable, but it only brings grief and trouble.	teacher has given.		
Give learners questions on the story.			
Reading skills and comprehension		English HB&SG page 61 -66	Group assessment with guidance
AS 1.1-4	Learners	Photostat copies of comprehension test/ use compr.	from teacher.
Teacher explains how learners should tackle comprehension passages: use prediction, skimming, scanning and finding information.		Test from learners' textbook.	Teacher provides answers from memo.
LO 3 Writing and presenting	Learners write first draft.	ENO UD AGO	
AS 1 &2	After peer editing, learners write final draft.	ENG. HB &SG page 84	Peer assessment/ Teacher provides simple rubric,
Teacher explains what dialogue is. Teacher explains the format of written dialogue.			concentrating on layout and punctuation.
Teachers sketches a situation in which			
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dialogue could take place: a sporting match; a waiting room at a hospital; a boy who is trying to impress a girl LO 4: Language: AS 1.1-3 Denotation and Connotation. Teacher explains the difference between these two concepts. Bias: choosing sides:Teacher points out that bias influences the way we see things, e.g. newspapers in the Western Cape will be biased towards the Stormers rugby team, or Ajax soccer players. Discrimination is how we act when we are biased. Example: In the short story The Suitcase the word boy has connotations of racism and inferiority. Negatives, auxiliaries and tenses	Learners provide examples of bias, connotation and denotation. Learners study newspapers to find examples of bias. (History books are often biased- it depends on the writer's point of view, e.g. terrorist vs freedom fighter. Learners are given an exercise from their textbooks/ photocopies provided by teacher to complete.	EH & SG page 45 Newspapers; magazine articles.	Group assessment. Teacher provides answers from memo	
AS 2.3				
(revision of work done in T3 week 7)		English HB & SG page 29		
Teacher revises how to make		Textbook		
negatives and that shall, can, do, may and will are followed by the infinitive.		Photocopies exercises		
Teacher gives learners the opportunity	Learners turn statements into negatives orally		Self assessment	
to turn their peers' oral statements into negatives.	Learners complete written		Teacher provides answers from	

Teacher provides exercises for revision.	exercises.	memo	
revision.			