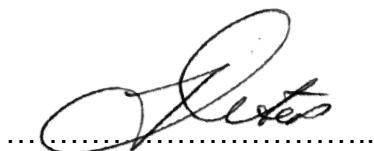


Foreword

The Directorate: Curriculum ECD and GET programmes of the Eastern Cape Department of Education, in collaboration with the district curriculum personnel and teachers, provincialised the LEARNER ATTAINMENT TARGET (LAT) DOCUMENT for the Foundation Phase with the purpose of increasing the capacity of teachers to have a clear picture on the process of learner attainment targets.

This document, the Learner Attainment Target for Foundation Phase, is a working document. Critical engagement with the document is encouraged. Inputs, suggestions, recommendations and exemplars on assessment (formal assessment tasks) related matters that will strengthen this document are invited from all stakeholders, especially school managers and educators.

It is hoped that this process will assist the province to finalise a more realistic, practical and authentic guideline that will provide the necessary clarity and guidance educators need to manage the learner attainment process more effectively and with confidence.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Peters", is written over a dotted line.

Dr F. Peters

Director: Curriculum ECD & GET Programmes

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Grade 2 Learners from Laerskool Grens

East London

CONTENTS

Learner Attainment Improvement Strategy.....	1 – 3
Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks	4 – 43
Summary of Formal Assessment Tasks	44
Exemplar of a Formal Assessment Task	45 - 55
Assessment Programme	56 - 57
High Frequency Words	58 - 59

LEARNER ATTAINMENT IMPROVEMENT STRATEGY

1. BACKGROUND

High levels of literacy and numeracy are basic skills needed for participating in our high level knowledge society. Reading and writing skills are foundational for developing these skills, and for accessing knowledge in the curriculum which, in turn, is aimed at promoting high levels of knowledge and skills. The strategy has the broad goal that over the long term South Africans should enjoy a level of literacy that enables them to participate fully in all aspects of life, including work, family and community.

The economic and social health of our nation depends on building a literate nation that is able to read widely for practical purposes and for pleasure. This means making the current generation of learners more aware of the pleasure and importance of reading, and ensuring that they will have the level of literacy skills which modern society demands.

The **National Literacy Strategy** was developed in response to the poor literacy results achieved by Grade 3 and Grade 6 learners in the National Systemic Evaluations and to maximize the use of existing literacy resources.

The strategy aims to place literacy at the heart of curriculum planning so that the subject matter from other curriculum areas is available as content or stimulus for speaking, listening, reading and writing. Equally, skills required in the reading and writing lesson should apply during the rest of the school day. Furthermore the strategy promotes the strengthening of Home Language acquisition and development and the promotion of multi-lingualism from Grade R to 6 as is set out in the Language in Education Policy (LIEP).

The Literacy Strategy will develop and support the implementation of reading and writing in Grades R-6.

Two key components of the NLS are:

- Structured literacy focus time
- A special time for Reading for pleasure and information called "Drop all and Read" (DAR) Time

Emanating from this National initiative, the **Learner Attainment Improvement Strategy** was designed. This is in an effort to assist teachers in practically addressing the Languages challenges as reported in the findings of the 2003 Systemic Evaluation Research Project. These findings highlighted the challenges teachers and learners experience in acquiring Language skills. It also raises concerns about the low Literacy levels found in schools.

2. PURPOSE OF LEARNER ATTAINMENT TARGETS

Research findings conducted by the National and Provincial Education Departments, the Joint Education Trust (JET), Human Research Council (HRC) , Higher Education Institutions (HEIS) and Non-Governmental Organisations concur that poor literacy performance can be attributed to a range of factors.

Whilst Learning Outcomes and Assessment Standards spell out clearly what is expected of the learners within each grade, there is a lack of planned, progressive attainment at regular intervals.

The development of Learner Attainment Targets (LATs) is an attempt to address the process of progression which is a requirement of the National Assessment Policy (February 2007).

After introducing the L.A.T. programme, uniform classroom implementation will be expected in the Foundation Phase classrooms across the Province, in each grade. This effective implementation will only be evident if the learning assessment tasks are explicitly clarified and detailed enough for practical application. Exemplars of Learner Attainment Targets and Assessment Tools are included in this document to assist teachers in their task. As this is a working document, feedback and suggestions for practical improvement are valued.

3. PROVINCIAL PROCESS

The developmental process was initiated by electing the Provincial Literacy Task Team. The four Languages for the Province were represented on this team. Each Language group found it necessary to include the expertise of practicing teachers to legitimize the process of developing the LAT's. This developmental process and refinement involved a commitment and dedication from the teachers. The final draft presentation was delivered at a Provincial LAT workshop on the 19 January 2008 for final desk top publishing, ratification and printing and distribution. The first distribution is scheduled for the end of March 2008 for schools to pilot and refine for final publication in 2009.

4. HOW TO USE THIS GUIDE

The requirements of the Protocol of February 2007 set Formal Assessment Tasks for Languages per term.

Note the following:-

- For Home Language, there are four (4) Formal Assessment Tasks per term.
- For First Additional Language there are two (2) Formal Assessment Tasks per term.

This guide consists of:

4.1. ATTAINMENT TARGETS

- The layout of the first document indicates the relevant LO's and AS's used for Formal and Informal Assessment.
- Note that the AS's are not sequenced in the same manner in all Home Language documents.
- The AS's in this document have been numbered according to the sequence of the AS's in English Home Language Policy Document.
- There are four terms indicated on each page by means of columns.
- Under each term there are shaded and non shaded areas.
- Shaded areas represent **Formal Assessment Tasks (FATs)**. These are numbered as FAT 1, FAT 2, etc and indicate what is to be **attained per term**.
- The following table is an extract from the **Attainment Targets** in the **GR R** document

AS2: Demonstrates appropriate listening behaviour by listening without interrupting, showing respect for the speaker and taking turns to speak.	✓ To try and sit still and listen without interrupting. FAT 1,3 OBSERVATION	✓ To sit still and to listen without interrupting.	✓ To put up their hand and wait for their turn. FAT 1	✓ To sit still without interrupting and fidgeting.
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FAT 1, 3 indicates that AS 2 of Listening LO1 is assessed for the 1st and the 3rd FAT in Term 1

- Non-shaded areas represent Informal Assessment Tasks.

4.2. FORMAL ASSESSMENT TASKS (FATs)

- This document gives an overview (summary) of the whole FAT process per term:
- It indicates by means of tabulation the selected LO's and AS's , FATs, Activities, Forms of Assessment and Assessment Tools.
- The teachers are expected to develop their own Assessment Tools for all tasks.

4.3. SUMMARY OF FORMAL ASSESSMENT TASKS (FATs)

- This Table is divided into four terms and the number of tasks per term for the specific Learning Programme

- A summary of all the LO's and AS's used for the Formal Assessment Tasks throughout the year are added to this table.

4.4. EXEMPLAR OF A FORMAL ASSESSMENT TASK

- This document is the exemplar of a Formal Assessment Task.
- The teachers are expected to develop further assessment tasks as required by the Protocol.

4.5. ASSESSMENT PROGRAMME

- This document gives the overall **Formal Assessment Programme per grade** per year.
- It is divided into terms and details the four (4) Formal Assessment Tasks.
- This Assessment Programme forms part of the **School** Assessment Plan.

4.6. HIGH FREQUENCY WORDS GRADE 1 - 3

5. HINTS FOR TEACHERS ON THE CHOICE OF TEXT IN THE FOUNDATION PHASE

Be conscious of :

- Letter formation
- Density of Text (The balance between text and illustrations)
- Font size
- Spacing
- Number of words per page
- Contextual factors (e.g. child's environment, cultural factors, relevant to child's experiences)
- Relevant to age / skill level / level of understanding
- Extension / Enrichment of skills, broadening environments
- A variety of genres and text types :
- books, posters, magazines, invitations, charts, newspaper articles, poems instructions etc
- Visual appeal of the text (colour, illustrations)

6. REFERENCES

- Revised National Curriculum Statement : Learning Area Policy Document
- Government Gazette 29626 of February 2007 : Assessment Policy
- National Literacy Strategy Document
- Teacher's Guide for the Development of Learning Programmes: Foundation Phase 2002
- The Bully, Oxford Reading Tree, Oxford University Press
- Oxford Keywords, Oxford Reading Tree, Oxford University Press
- They all wanted to see (Alida Bothma)
- Rubistar, <http://rubistar.4teachers.org>

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4
LO 1 : LISTENING				
AS 1 : Listens attentively (extending concentration span) and responds to an extended sequence of instructions to the learner's level.	Commands with 4 sentences.	Commands with 5 sentences.	Commands with 6 sentences.	Commands with 6 or more sentences.
FAT Task 1				
AS 2 : Demonstrates appropriate listening behaviour by showing respect for the speaker, taking turns to speak asking questions for clarification, and summarising, commenting on what has been heard.	Demonstrate respect and taking turns to speak when telling news, oral or stories on the mat.	Demonstrate respect and taking turns to speak when telling news, oral or stories on the mat.	Demonstrates ask questions, comment on and summarize what has been heard.	Demonstrates ask questions, comment on and summarize what has been heard.
FAT Task 1				
AS 3 : Recognises and shows respect for different varieties of language.	Greetings, words of respect and thank you in 3 different languages: English Afrikaans and IsiXhosa.	Counting in 3 different languages: English, Afrikaans and IsiXhosa.	Stories about people of different cultures.	Stories about festivals of different cultures.
FAT Task 1				
AS 4 : Listens with enjoyment to stories, poems, songs and other oral texts and shows understanding :	Identifies main idea and predict what will happen next. 4.1 Listens for the topic or main idea; 4.2 Listens for details; 4.3 predicts what will happen; 4.4 communicates back a sequence of events or ideas in own words; 4.5 answers questions about oral text; 4.6 expresses feelings about the text, giving reasons; 4.7 works out cause and effect in the oral text; 4.8 draws pictures to illustrate understanding of the oral text and writes it in own words.	Draws picture to illustrate the text and write 3 to 4 sentences in own words. Listens and responds to riddles.	Communicate 4 to 6 events or ideas in text Draw picture and express feelings.	Give details of the story. Answer 6 to 8 questions. Communicate 6 to 8 events or ideas in text. Draws picture and writes 8 to 10 own sentences.
FAT Task 3				
AS 5 : Listens, enjoys and responds appropriately to riddles and jokes	Listen and responds to riddles.	Listen and responds to riddles.	Listen and responds to jokes.	FAT Task 1 and 3
FAT Task 1				
AS 6 : Listens to a speaker the learner cannot see (eg radio, intercom) and responds to questions and instructions.	Instructions on intercom	Puppet show and respond to questions.	Speaker on CD or cassette questions & instructions.	Speaker on CD or cassette and respond to questions & instructions.
FAT Task 3				
				FAT Task 3

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 1	
LO 1 : LISTENING		
AS1 : Listens attentively (extending concentration span) and responds to an extended sequence of instructions to the learner's level.	Commands with 4 sentences.	Oral Response : Discussion, Talk about
		Task 1 and 3 : Hints
	FAT Task 1	Task 1 : 1. Listens to learners telling news about Task 3 : 2. Listens to story about good and bad eating on mat : cd or cassette. 3. Listens to riddles about different fruits.
AS2 : Demonstrates appropriate listening behaviour by showing respect for the speaker, taking turns to speak asking questions for clarification, and summarising, commenting on what has been heard.	Demonstrate respect and taking turns to speak when telling news, oral or stories on the mat.	4. Divide in groups 5. Each group receives questions about 6. Groups read questions and then discuss.
AS3 : Recognises and shows respect for different varieties of language.	Greetings, words of respect and thank you in 3 different languages : English Afrikaans and IsiXhosa.	7. Each group gives a report back on 8. Listens to answers about riddles of fruit.
AS4 : Listens with enjoyment to stories, poems, songs and other oral texts and shows understanding :	Identifies main idea and predict what will happen next.	
4.1 listens for the topic or main idea;	Draw pictures to illustrate the text and	
4.2 listens for details,	write 3 to 4 sentences in own words.	
4.3 predicts what will happen;	Listen and responds to riddles	
4.4 communicates back a sequence of events or ideas in		Tool : Check list
4.5 answers questions about oral text;		
4.6 expresses feelings about the text, giving reasons	AS1 : The learner sits and listens quietly.	
4.7 works out cause and effect in the oral text;	AS2 : The learner shows respect for speaker.	
4.8 draws pictures to illustrate understanding of the oral text, and writes it in own words.	AS6 : The learner takes turns to speak.	
AS5 : Listens, enjoys and responds appropriately to riddles and jokes	FAT Task 3	The learner sits and listens quietly and responds to questions.
AS6 : Listens to a speaker the learner cannot see (eg radio, intercom) and responds to questions and instructions.		

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 2	
LO 1 : LISTENING		
AS1 : Listens attentively (extending concentration span) and responds to an extended sequence of instructions to the learner's level.	Commands with 5 sentences.	Oral Response : Discussion
AS2 : Demonstrates appropriate listening behaviour by showing respect for the speaker, taking turns to speak asking questions for clarification, and summarising, commenting on what has been heard.	Demonstrate respect and taking turns to speak when telling news, oral or stories on the mat.	Task 1 : Hints 1. Learners listen to teacher discussing facts about environment. 2. Oral discussion with words and sentences.
AS3 : Recognises and shows respect for different varieties of language.	Counting in 3 different languages : English, Afrikaans and IsiXhosa.	
AS4 : Listens with enjoyment to stories, poems, songs and other oral texts and shows understanding :		Oral Response : Discussion
4.1 listens for the topic or main idea ;		
4.2 listens for details;	Give details of the story. Answer 4 to 6	Task 3 : Hints
4.3 predicts what will happen;	questions.	1. Children listen to interviews about religions: dialogue on cd 2. Oral discussion with words and labels representing symbols. 3. Oral discussion with sentences about different religious holidays.
4.4 communicates back a sequence of events or ideas in questions;		
4.5 answers questions about oral text;		
4.6 expresses feelings about the text, giving reasons;		
4.7 works out cause and effect in the Oral Text;	Communicate 4 to 6	
4.8 draws pictures to illustrate understanding of the oral text, and writes it in own words.	events or ideas in text Draw picture and express feelings.	Tool : Checklist 4 3 2 1
		AS4 : Task 1 and 3 Y N
	FAT Task 3	Learners listen for detail
		Answer questions about oral text
AS5 : Listens, enjoys and responds appropriately to riddles and jokes	Listens and responds to riddles.	AS5 : Task 1 Listen to poems about fruit. : Task 1
	FAT Task 1	
AS6 : Listens to a speaker the learner cannot see (eg radio, intercom) and responds to questions and instructions.	Puppet show and respond to questions.	AS6 : Task 3 Learners respond to questions and instructions.
	FAT Task 3	

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE		TERM 3	TERM 3
LO 1 : LISTENING			
AS1 : Listens attentively (extending concentration span) and responds to an extended sequence of instructions to the learner's level.	Commands with 6 sentences.	Oral Response : Reading	
AS2 : Demonstrates appropriate listening behaviour by showing respect for the speaker, taking turns to speak and asking questions for clarification, and summarising, commenting on what has been heard.	Learners ask questions, comment on and summarize what has been heard.	Task 1 : Hints	
AS3 : Recognises and shows respect for different varieties of language.	Stories about people of different cultures	Oral Response : Reading, Talk about	
		Task 2 : Hints	
		FAT Task 1	
AS4 : Listens with enjoyment to stories, poems, songs and other oral texts and shows understanding :	Give details of the story. Answer 6 to 8 questions.	1. Children receive letters from other 2. Peer groups read it to the class (see LO3) 3. Respond by summarizing facts about country.	
4.1 listens for the topic or main idea;	Communicate 6 to 8 events or ideas in text		
4.2 listens for details			
4.3 predicts what will happen;	Draw picture and		
4.4 communicates back a sequence of events or ideas in text	write 6 to 8 sentences in own words.	Tool : Checklist	4 3 2 1
4.5 answers questions about oral text;		AS4 : FAT Task 3	Y N
4.6 expresses feelings about the text, giving reasons;		Learners listen for detail	
4.7 works out cause and effect in the oral text;		Answer questions about oral text	
4.8 draws pictures to illustrate understanding of the oral text, and writes it in own words.		Express feelings	
		Speaker: CD or cassette	Listens with enjoyment.
AS5 : Listens, enjoys and responds appropriately to riddles and jokes	Listen and responds to jokes		
AS6 : Listen to a speaker the learner cannot see (eg radio, intercom) and responds to questions and instructions.	questions & instructions		

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 4			
LO 1 : LISTENING				
AS1 : Listens attentively (extending concentration span) and responds to an extended sequence of instructions to the learner's level.	Commands with 6 or more sentences.	Oral Response : Question and answer		
AS2 : Demonstrates appropriate listening behaviour by showing respect for the speaker, taking turns to speak asking questions for clarification, and summarising, commenting on what has been heard.	Learners ask questions, comment on and summarize what has been heard.	Task 3 : Hints		
AS3 : Recognises and shows respect for different varieties of language.	Stories about festivals of different cultures	Oral Response : Design and Make		
AS4 : Listens with enjoyment to stories, poems, songs and other oral texts and shows understanding :	Give details of the story. Answer 8 to 10 questions.	Task 1 : Hints		
4.1 listens for the topic or main idea;	Communicate 8 to 10 events or ideas in text	1. Listen to story about birds in my environment .		
4.2 listens for details;	Draw picture and write 8 to 10 own sentences	2. Draw a picture of character.		
4.3 predicts what will happen;		3. Answer questions		
4.4 communicates back a sequence of events or ideas in				
4.5 answers questions about oral text;		Tool : Checklist		
4.6 expresses feelings about the text, giving reasons,		AS4 :		
4.7 works out cause and effect in the oral text;		1. Learner listens for detail		
4.8 draws pictures to illustrate understanding of the oral text, and writes it in own words.		2. Answer questions about oral text		
		3. Express feelings		
		4. Listens with enjoyment.		
AS5 : Listens, enjoys and responds appropriately to riddles and jokes	Listen and responds to jokes	FAT Task 1 and 3		
AS6 : Listens to a speaker the learner cannot see (eg radio, intercom) and responds to questions and instructions.	Speaker on CD or cassette and respond to questions and instructions.	FAT Task 3		

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE		TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4
LO 2 : SPEAKING					
AS1 : Recounts personal experiences and more general news events, and expresses feelings and opinions about them.	News : Personal experience (holiday)	News personal and general. Express feelings	News personal and general. Express feelings and opinions.	News personal and general. Express feelings and opinions.	
	FAT Task 1				
AS2 : Uses language imaginatively for fun and fantasy (eg telling jokes, creating own poems and code language)	Tell own riddles	Tell riddles and own poems.	Telling Jokes	Fanta sy story	
	FAT Task 1				FAT Task 3
AS3 : Creates and tells stories with a beginning, middle and ending, which use descriptive language, avoid repetition and have elements of plot and characterisation.	Teacher starts a story and learners complete by adding on.	Give 1 sentence, learners complete story by each adding on a sentence.	Give topic, setting and characters and learners tell story.	Give topic, setting and characters and learners tell story.	
	FAT Task 1				FAT Task 3
AS4 : Uses different expressions and gestures when telling a story.	Facial and body expressions when telling a story.	Facial and body expressions when telling a story with voice intonation.	Oral about eg. My hero when telling a story with voice intonation.	Facial and body expressions when telling a story with voice intonation.	
	FAT Task 1				FAT Task 1
AS5 : Contributes to group and class discussions	Group discussions.	Baborate on ideas.	Baborate on ideas.	Initiate topics and elaborate on ideas.	
5.1 initiates topics in group discussion ;	Give topics and ideas, shows respect to peers,	Group and class discussions linked to other learning areas.	Group and class discussions linked to other learning areas.	Summarise.	
5.2 takes turns and asks relevant questions ;	ask questions and answer questions.	Ask questions and answer questions.	Ask questions and answer questions.	Give reasons for answers.	
5.3 suggests or elaborates ideas ;	Show sensitivity to rights and feelings of others.	Show sensitivity to rights and feelings of others.	Show sensitivity to rights and feelings of others.	Give feedback.	
5.4 shows sensitivity to the rights and feelings of others ;	Shows sensitivity to rights and feelings of others.	Shows sensitivity to rights and feelings of others.	Shows sensitivity to rights and feelings of others.	Shows sensitivity to rights and feelings of others.	
5.5 summarises a group's work ;	Constructive feedback on topic, take turns.	Constructive feedback on topic, take turns.	Constructive feedback on topic, take turns.	Constructive feedback on topic, take turns.	
5.6 asks questions for clarity and information ;	FAT Task 3			FAT Task 1	
5.7 answers questions and gives reasons for answers ;					
5.8 gives constructive feedback to others.					
AS6 : Interviews people for a particular purpose.				Interview : eg My hero	
				FAT Task 3	
AS7 : Makes oral presentations (eg. on given topics, on interviews conducted, reporting back from field trips)	Give oral presentation on given topic. Develop guidelines for presentation. Make use of visual aids and basic strategies (eye contact, use of the voice) to engage listeners.	Give oral presentation on given topic. Describe what is going to be presented and how. Use visual aids and basic strategies to engage in story.	Give oral presentation on given topics, interviews and fieldtrips. Develop guidelines for a good presentation, use visual aids and basic strategies.	Give oral presentation on given topics, interviews and fieldtrips. Develop guidelines for a good presentation, use visual aids and basic strategies.	
7.1 with support and guidance from teacher, develops class guidelines for a good presentation ;					
7.2 describes what is going to be presented and how ;					
7.3 uses visual aids to supplement oral presentations ;					
7.4 uses basic strategies to engage listeners (eg making eye contact) ;					
AS8 : Engages in conversation as a social skill.	teacher assists with vocabulary.	Less assistance from teacher.	Less assistance from teacher.	Converse with confidence on a topic.	
	FAT Task 3	FAT Task 3	FAT Task 3		

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE		TERM 1	
LO: 2 SPEAKING			
AS1 : Recounts personal experiences and more general news events, and expresses feelings and opinions about them.		News : Personal experience (holiday)	Oral Response : Discussion
		FAT Task 3	Task 1 : Hints
AS2 : Uses language imaginatively for fun and fantasy (eg telling jokes, creating own poems and code language)	Tell own riddles	1. Learners tell holiday news on mat.	Oral Response : Design and Make
AS3 : Creates and tells stories with a beginning, middle and ending, which use descriptive language, avoid repetition and have elements of plot and characterisation.	teacher starts a story and learners complete by adding on.	Task 2 : Hints	Task 3 : Hints
AS4 : Uses different expressions and gestures when telling a story.	Facial and body expressions when telling a story.	2. Learners discuss questions on mat about healthy and unhealthy eating habits.	2. Learners discuss questions on mat about healthy and unhealthy eating habits.
AS5 : Contributes to group and class discussions	Group discussions.	3. Read riddles about different fruits.	3. Read riddles about different fruits.
5.1 initiates topics in group discussion ;	Give topics and ideas,	4. Divide in groups for questions and report back on good and bad eating habits.	4. Divide in groups for questions and report back on good and bad eating habits.
5.2 takes turns and asks relevant questions ;	shows respect to peers,	5. Read answers on riddles about fruit.	5. Read answers on riddles about fruit.
5.3 suggests or elaborates ideas ;	ask questions and answer questions.	6. Group make fruit man from magazine pictures	6. Group make fruit man from magazine pictures
5.4 shows sensitivity to the rights and feelings of others ;	Show sensitivity to rights and feelings of others.	7. Read poems (rap) about fruit man from magazine.	7. Read poems (rap) about fruit man from magazine.
5.5 summarises a group's work ;	Constructive feedback on topic, take turns.	8. Rap poems in groups (assessment sheet).	8. Rap poems in groups (assessment sheet).
5.6 asks questions for clarity and information ;		Tool : Rubric : Speaking	
5.7 answers questions and gives reasons for answers ;		FAT Task 3	4
5.8 gives constructive feedback to others.		Speaks clearly	Consistently correct use of language
AS6 : Interviews people for a particular purpose.		Correct sequence	Correct sequence
AS7 : Makes oral presentations (eg on given topics, on interviews conducted, reporting back from field trips)		Sticks to topic	Sticks to topic
7.1 with support and guidance from teacher, develops class guidelines for a good presentation ;		Speaks clearly	Speaks clearly
7.2 describes what is going to be presented and how ;		Mostly correct use of language	Mostly correct use of language
7.3 uses visual aids to supplement oral presentations ;		Correct sequence	Correct sequence
7.4 uses basic strategies to engage listeners (eg making eye contact) ;		Sticks to topic most of the time	Sticks to topic most of the time
AS8 : Engages in conversation as a social skill.	teacher assists with vocabulary.	Pronunciation not clear	Pronunciation not clear
	FAT Task 3	2	2
		Seldom correct use of language	Sometimes correct use of language
		No sequence	Poor pronunciation
		Seldom sticks to topic	Incorrect sequence

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 2	
LO 2 : SPEAKING		
AS1 : Recounts personal experiences and more general news events, and expresses feelings and opinions about them.	News personal and general. Express feelings	Oral Response : Practical Demonstration
AS2 : Uses language imaginatively for fun and fantasy (eg telling jokes, creating own poems and code language)	Tell riddles and own poems.	Task 1 : Hints
		1. Discuss facts about their environment. 2. Oral discussion with words and sentences.
AS3 : Creates and tells stories with a beginning, middle and ending, which use descriptive language, avoid repetition and have elements of plot and characterisation.	Give 1 sentence, learners complete story by each adding on a sentence.	Task 2 : Hints
AS4 : Uses different expressions and gestures when telling a story.	Facial and body expressions when telling a story with voice intonation.	Task 3 : Hints
AS5 : Contributes to group and class discussions	Group and class discussions	Tool : Rubric : Group Assessment
5.1 initiates topics in group discussion ;		Speaks clearly
5.2 takes turns and asks relevant questions ;		4 Consistently correct use of language
5.3 suggests or elaborates ideas ;		Correct sequence
5.4 shows sensitivity to the rights and feelings of others ;	Show sensitivity to rights and feelings of others.	Sticks to topic
5.5 summarises a group's work ;		3 Speaks clearly
5.6 asks questions for clarity and information ;	Constructive feedback on topic, take turns.	Mostly correct use of language
5.7 answers questions and gives reasons for answers ;		Correct sequence
5.8 gives constructive feedback to others .		Sticks to topic most of the time
AS6 : Interviews people for a particular purpose.	Give oral presentation on given topic. Describe what is going to be presented and how. Use visual aids and basic strategies to engage in story.	2 Pronunciation not clear
AS7 : Makes oral presentations (eg on given topics, on interviews conducted, reporting back from field trips)		Sometimes correct use of language
7.1 with support and guidance from teacher, develops class guidelines for a good presentation ;		Incorrect sequence
7.2 describes what is going to be presented and how ;		Sticks to topic sometimes
7.3 uses visual aids to supplement oral presentations ;		1 Poor pronunciation
7.4 uses basic strategies to engage listeners (eg making eye contact) ;	Less assistance from teacher.	Seldom correct use of language
AS8 : Engages in conversation as a social skill.		No sequence Seldom sticks to topic
	FAT Task 3	

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 3	
LO 2 : SPEAKING		
AS1 : Recounts personal experiences and more general news events, and expresses feelings and opinions about them.	News personal and general. Express feelings and opinions. telling jokes	Oral Response : Discussion and Interview
AS2 : Uses language imaginatively for fun and fantasy (eg telling jokes, creating own poems and code language)	Give topic, setting and characters and learners tell story.	Task 1 : Hints
AS3 : Creates and tells stories with a beginning, middle and ending, which use descriptive language, avoid repetition and have elements of plot and characterisation.	Give topic, setting and characters and learners tell story.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Teacher reads story about hero. 2. Learners give opinions. 3. Teacher gives guidelines about interviews. 4. Learners interview an older person (parent, grandparent) 5. Learners create own story about a child hero of their culture. eg. Niko Johnson, Klara Majola, Racheltjie de Beer
AS4 : Uses different expressions and gestures when telling a story.	Oral about eg. My hero Facial and body expressions when telling a story with voice intonation.	FAT Task 1
AS5 : Contributes to group and class discussions	Eaborate on ideas. Group and class discussions linked to other learning areas.	Oral Response : Reading
5.1 initiates topics in group discussion ;	Ask questions, answer	Task 3 : Hints
5.2 takes turns and asks relevant questions ;	questions and give reasons	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Children receive letters from other countries written by teacher. 2. Peer groups read it to the class.(see LO3) 3. Respond by summarizing facts about country.
5.3 suggests or elaborates ideas ;	for answers. Shows sensitivity	
5.4 shows sensitivity to the rights and feelings of others ;	to rights and feelings of others.	
5.5 summarises a group's work ;	Constructive feedback on	
5.6 asks questions for clarity and information ;	topic, take turns.	
5.7 answers questions and gives reasons for answers ;	Interview : eg My hero	
5.8 gives constructive feedback to others.		
AS6 : Interviews people for a particular purpose.		FAT Task 3
AS7 : Makes oral presentations (eg. on given topics, on interviews conducted, reporting back from fieldtrips)	Give oral presentation on given topics, interviews and fieldtrips. Develop guidelines for a good presentation ;	Tool : Rubric : Speaking
7.1 with support and guidance from teacher, develops class guidelines for a good presentation ;	See Speaking AS6	
7.2 describes what is going to be presented and how ;	presentation, use visual aids and basic strategies.	
7.3 uses visual aids to supplement oral presentations ;		See term 2
7.4 uses basic strategies to engage listeners (eg making eye contact) ;		
		FAT Task 3
AS8 : Engages in conversation as a social skill.	Less assistance from teacher.	

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 4	
LO 2 : SPEAKING		
AS1 : Recounts personal experiences and more general news events, and expresses feelings and opinions about them.	News personal and general. Express feelings and opinions.	Oral Response : Discuss, Design and Make Fantasy story
AS2 : Uses language imaginatively for fun and fantasy (eg telling jokes, creating own poems and code language)		Task 1 : Hints 1. Learners discuss instructions on making an (3D object cone and cylinder) out of scrap material or clay. 2. Discuss planning and drawing of object. 3. Feedback on mat.
AS3 : Creates and tells stories with a beginning, middle and ending, which use descriptive language, avoid repetition and have elements of plot and characterisation.	Give topic, setting and characters and learners tell story.	Tool : Checklist
AS4 : Uses different expressions and gestures when telling a story.	Facial and body expressions when telling a story with voice intonation.	AS5 : 1. Learner speaks clearly. 2. Learner waits to take turns. 3. Learner can do summaries. 4. Learner answers questions
AS5 : Contributes to group and class discussions	Initiate topics and elaborate on ideas.	Oral Response : Different birds
5.1 initiates topics in group discussion ;		Task 3 : Hints 1. Listen to facts about birds. 2. Learners assess each other on given graph. 3. Answer questions.
5.2 takes turns and asks relevant questions;	Show sensitivity to rights and feelings of others.	
5.3 suggests or elaborates ideas ;	Constructive feedback on topic, take turns.	
5.4 shows sensitivity to the rights and feelings of others ;		Tool : Checklist
5.5 summarises a group's work ;		AS2 :
5.6 asks questions for clarity and information ;		1. Did learner use correct language. 2. Did learner use facial expressions 3. Did learner stick to given rules 4. Did learner make use of any visual media.
5.7 answers questions and gives reasons for answers ;		
5.8 gives constructive feedback to others.		
AS6 : Interviews people for a particular purpose.		
AS7 : Makes oral presentations (eg on given topics, on interviews conducted, reporting back from field trips)	Give oral presentation on given topics, interviews and fieldtrips. Develop guidelines for a good presentation ; presentation, use visual aids and basic strategies.	
7.1 with support and guidance from teacher, develops class guidelines for a good presentation ;		
7.2 describes what is going to be presented and how ;		
7.3 uses visual aids to supplement oral presentations ;		
7.4 uses basic strategies to engage listeners (eg making eye contact) ;		
AS8 : Engages in conversation as a social skill.	Converse with confidence on a topic.	

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4
LO 3 : READING AND VIEWING				
AS1 : Uses visual cues to make meaning :	Use visual cues to make meaning from photographs and explain orally their meaning and purpose.	Use visual cues to make meaning from flow diagrams, poster charts etc.	Use visual cues to make meaning from flow diagrams, charts and maps. Explain orally and in writing the meaning and purpose.	Use visual cues to make meaning from flow diagrams, charts and maps. Explain orally and in writing the meaning and purpose. Use information and evaluate.
	1.1 reads graphical texts such as photographs, maps, flow diagrams, charts, and :	1.1.1 explains orally or in writing their meaning and purpose	1.1.2 uses the information in appropriate ways(eg maps)	1.1.3 evaluates the image for design features and effectiveness
			FAT Task 2 and 4	
AS2 : Makes meaning of written text :	Learner comments on a story fable/ poem by answering questions on the main idea, key details, main characters, sequence of events, setting of cultural values and conclusions. Reads instructions related to real life interests and needs eg. How to make a milkshake. Reads a wide variety of complex texts such as fiction books. 250 words	Learner comments on a story fable/ poem by answering questions on the main idea, key details, main characters, sequence of events, setting of cultural values and conclusions. Reads a wide variety of fiction, tables of content and indexes.	Learner comments on a story fable/ poem by answering questions on the main idea, key details, main characters, sequence of events, setting of cultural values and conclusions. Reads a wide variety of fiction and non-fiction books.	Learner comments on a story fable/ poem by answering questions on the main idea, key details, main characters, sequence of events, setting of cultural values and conclusions. Reads a wide variety of fiction and non-fiction books.
	2.1 comments on a story or poem the learner has read, and demonstrates understanding by answering questions on :	2.1.1 main idea,	2.1.2 key details such as main characters, sequence of events, setting, cultural values, cause-effect relations,	2.1.1 main idea, key details, main characters, sequence of events, setting of cultural values and conclusions. Reads a wide variety of fiction and non-fiction books.
	2.1.3 cause-effect relations,	2.1.4 conclusions (eg What does this story / fable teach us?)	2.1.5 whether or not the story was liked and why;	
	2.2 reads instructions related to real life interests and needs ;	2.3 reads a wide variety of fairly complex texts such as fiction books, tables of contents and indexes.	2.4	
		300 words ½ of A4 (12font)	350 words 1 of A4 (12font)	400 words 1 of A4 (12font)
			FAT Task 4	FAT Task 2 and 4
AS3 : Reads texts alone, and uses a variety of strategies to make meaning :	Learner reads texts alone fluently and with understanding by pronouncing words with accuracy when reading aloud, making use of phonics to read unfamiliar texts, pausing and intonation,	Learner uses word recognition and comprehension skills to read unfamiliar texts.	Learner uses word recognition and comprehension skills to read unfamiliar texts.	Learner uses word recognition and comprehension skills to read unfamiliar texts.
	3.1 reads a printed text fluently and with understanding :	3.1.1 pronounces words with accuracy when reading aloud, making use of phonics to read unfamiliar texts	3.1.2 reads aloud with expression, using appropriate stress, pausing and intonation,	3.1.3 uses word recognition and comprehension skills to read unfamiliar texts (eg phonics, contextual cues, predicting)
	3.1.1 pronounces words with accuracy when reading aloud, making use of phonics to read unfamiliar texts	3.1.2 reads aloud with expression, using appropriate stress, pausing and intonation,	3.1.3 uses word recognition and comprehension skills to read unfamiliar texts (unprepared reading) and also include methods of re-reading, practising the word before saying it out loud.	3.1.4 uses a range of automatic monitoring and self-correcting methods when reading such as re-reading, reading on, pausing, and practising the word before saying it out loud.
			Captions of news events by using phonics' contextual cues.	Captions of news events by using phonics' contextual cues.
			Re-reading, reading on and pausing when reading.	Re-reading, reading on and pausing when reading.
			½ of A4 (12font) ¾ of A4 (12font)	½ of A4 (12font) 1 of A4 (12font)
			FAT Task 2	FAT Task 4
				FAT Task 2

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 1																													
LO 3 : READING AND VIEWING <p>AS1 : Uses visual cues to make meaning :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1.1 reads graphical texts such as photographs, maps, flow diagrams, charts, and : 1.1.1 explains orally or in writing their meaning and purpose 1.1.2 uses the information in appropriate ways (eg maps) 1.1.3 evaluates the image for design features and effectiveness <p>AS2 : Makes meaning of written text :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2.1 comments on a story or poem the learner has read, and demonstrates understanding by answering questions on : 2.1.1 main idea, 2.1.2 key details such as main characters, sequence of events, setting, cultural values, cause-effect relations, 2.1.3 conclusions (eg 'What does this story / fable teach us?') 2.1.4 whether or not the story was liked and why; 2.1.5 reads instructions related to real life interests and needs ; 2.2 reads a wide variety of fairly complex texts such as fiction and non-fiction books, tables of contents and indexes. <p>AS3 : Reads texts alone, and uses a variety of strategies to make meaning :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3.1 reads a printed text fluently and with understanding : 3.1.1 pronounces words with accuracy when reading aloud , making use of phonics to read unfamiliar texts 3.1.2 reads aloud with expression, using appropriate stress, pausing and intonation, 3.1.3 uses word recognition and comprehension skills to read (unprepared reading) and also include methods of re-reading, practising the word before saying it out loud. 3.1.4 uses a range of automatic monitoring and self-correcting methods when reading such as re-reading, reading on, pausing, and practising the word before saying it out loud. 	<p>Written Response</p> <p>Task 2 : Hints</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Learners read questions about story . 2. Answer questions in groups . 3. Learners read riddles about different fruits in groups and shows understanding of riddles . <p>Tool : Rubric : Reading</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 10%; text-align: center;">4</td> <td style="width: 10%; text-align: center;">Reads clearly</td> <td style="width: 10%; text-align: center;">Correct pronunciation</td> <td style="width: 10%; text-align: center;">Reads with exceptional insight</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">3</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Reads clearly</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Reads with expression</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Reads clearly</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Reads with reasonable insight</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Reads in phrases</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Hesitant reading</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Cannot read without help</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <p>Tool : Rating Scale : Spelling</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 10%; text-align: center;">4</td> <td style="width: 10%; text-align: center;">14 to 15</td> <td style="width: 10%; text-align: center;">4</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">3</td> <td style="text-align: center;">10 to 13</td> <td style="text-align: center;">3</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td style="text-align: center;">7 to 9</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1 to 6</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> </tr> </table>	4	Reads clearly	Correct pronunciation	Reads with exceptional insight	3	Reads clearly	Reads with expression	Reads clearly	2	Reads with reasonable insight	Reads in phrases	Hesitant reading	1	Cannot read without help			4	14 to 15	4	3	10 to 13	3	2	7 to 9	2	1	1 to 6	1	
4	Reads clearly	Correct pronunciation	Reads with exceptional insight																											
3	Reads clearly	Reads with expression	Reads clearly																											
2	Reads with reasonable insight	Reads in phrases	Hesitant reading																											
1	Cannot read without help																													
4	14 to 15	4																												
3	10 to 13	3																												
2	7 to 9	2																												
1	1 to 6	1																												

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 2	
LO 3 : READING AND VIEWING		
AS1 : Use visual cues to make meaning :	Use visual cues to make meaning from flow diagrams, poster charts etc.	Oral and Written Response
1.1 reads graphical texts such as photographs, maps, flow diagrams, charts, and :	and explain.	Task 2 : Hints
1.1.1 explains orally or in writing their meaning and purpose		1. Learners read worksheet on comprehension about letters of the alphabet and general information. (environment)
1.1.2 uses the information in appropriate ways (eg maps)		
1.1.3 evaluates the image for design features and effectiveness		2. Read map of environment.
	FAT Task 2 and 4	
AS2 : Makes meaning of written text :	Learner comments on a story / fable/poem by answering questions on the main idea, key details, main characters, sequence of events, setting of cultural values and conclusions. Reads a wide variety of fiction, tables of content and indexes.	Oral and Written Response
2.1 commens on a story or poem the learner has read , and demonstrates understanding by answering questions on :	questions on the main idea, key details, main characters, sequence of events, setting of cultural values and conclusions. Reads a wide variety of fiction, tables of content and indexes.	Task 4 : Hints
2.1.1 main idea,		1. Learners read worksheet on comprehension about National Anthem. (observe spelling on worksheet)
2.1.2 key details such as main characters, sequence of events, setting, cultural values,		
2.1.3 cause-effect relations,		Tool : Rubric : Reading
2.1.4 conclusions (eg What does this story / fable teach us?)		Reads clearly 4 Correct pronunciation Reads with exceptional insight Reads with expression 3 Reads clearly Correct pronunciation Reads with reasonable insight Reads in phrases 2 Hesitant reading Replaces text with own words Reads with no understanding Reads word for word
2.1.5 whether or not the story was liked and why;		
2.2 reads instructions related to real life interests and needs;		
2.3 reads a wide variety of fairly complex texts such as fiction and non-fiction books, tables of contents and indexes.	300 words $\frac{3}{4}$ of A4 (12font)	
	FAT Task 4	
AS3 : Reads texts alone, and uses a variety of strategies to make meaning :	Learner uses word recognition and comprehension skills to read unfamiliar texts(eg phonics, contextual cues, predicting) un familiar texts(eg phonics, contextual cues, predicting)	Tool : Rating Scale : Spelling
	comprehension skills to read unfamiliar texts. (paragraph)	No mistakes 4 Few mistakes 3 Lots of mistakes 2 Cannot spell 1
3.1 reads a printed text fluently and with understanding :		
3.1.1 pronounces words with accuracy when reading aloud,		
3.1.2 reads aloud with expression, using appropriate stress, pausing and intonation,		
3.1.3 uses word recognition and comprehension skills to read unfamiliar texts(eg phonics, contextual cues, predicting)	Captions of news events by using phonics/ contextual cues.	
3.1.4 uses a range of automatic monitoring and self-correcting methods when reading such as re-reading, reading on, pausing, and practising the word before saying it out loud	Re-reading, reading on and pausing when reading. $\frac{3}{4}$ of A4 (12font)	
	FAT Task 2 and 4	

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 3	
LO 3 : READING AND VIEWING		
AS1 : Uses visual cues to make meaning :	Use visual cues to make meaning from flow diagrams, charts and maps. Explain orally and in writing the meaning and purpose. Use information and evaluate.	Oral Response : Reading
1.1 reads graphical texts such as photographs, maps, flow diagrams, charts, and :	1.1.1 explains orally or in writing their meaning and purpose	Task 2 : Hints
1.1.2 uses the information in appropriate ways (eg maps)	1.1.3 evaluates the image for design features and effectiveness	1. Learners read own stories written about heroes from the past.
AS2 : Makes meaning of written text :	Learner comments on a story fable/poem by answering questions on main idea, key details, main characters, sequence of events, setting, cultural values and conclusions. Reads a wide variety of fiction and non-fiction books.	Oral Response : Reading
2.1 comments on a story or poem the learner has read, and demonstrates understanding by answering questions on :	2.1.1 main idea,	Task 4 : Hints
2.1.2 key details such as main characters, sequence of events, setting, cultural values,	2.1.3 cause-effect relations,	1. Read letters from children from different countries. 2. Learners read own letters written in response to received letters.
2.1.4 conclusions (eg What does this story / fable teach us?)	2.1.5 whether or not the story was liked and why;	Tool : Rubric : Reading
2.2 reads instructions related to real life interests and needs;	2.3 reads a wide variety of fairly complex texts such as fiction and non-fiction books, tables of contents and indexes.	Reads clearly Correct pronunciation Reads with exceptional insight Reads with expression Reads clearly Correct pronunciation Reads with reasonable insight Reads in phrases Hesitant reading Replaces text with own words Reads with no understanding Reads word for word Cannot read without help
AS3 : Reads texts alone, and uses a variety of strategies to make meaning :	Leamer uses word recognition and comprehension skills to read unfamiliar texts.	FAT Task 2 and 4
3.1 reads a printed text fluently and with understanding :	3.1.1 pronounces words with accuracy when reading aloud,	1
3.1.2 reads aloud with expression, using appropriate stress, pausing and intonation,	3.1.3 uses word recognition and comprehension skills to read unfamiliar texts (eg phonics, contextual cues, predicting)	2
3.1.4 uses a range of automatic monitoring and self-correcting methods when reading such as re-reading, reading on, pausing, and practising the word before saying it out loud.	Reads a paragraph and predicts the end to make meaning.	3
	Re-reading, reading on and pausing when reading.	4
	1 of A4 (12font)	3
	FAT Task 4	2
		1
		1 to 6

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 4	
LO 3 : READING AND VIEWING		
AS1 : Uses visual cues to make meaning :		Design and Make
1.1 reads graphical texts such as photographs, maps, flow diagrams, charts, and :		
1.1.1 explains orally or in writing their meaning and purpose		Task 2 : Hints
1.1.2 uses the information in appropriate ways (eg maps)		1. Learners read instructions on making of eg. 3D bird .
1.1.3 evaluates the image for design features and effectiveness		2. Learners read list of requirements for 3D bird .
AS2 : Makes meaning of written text :		
2.1 comments on a story or poem the learner has read, and demonstrates understanding by answering questions on :		
2.1.1 main idea,		Tool : Rubric : Reading
2.1.2 key details such as main characters, sequence of events, setting, cultural values,		Reads clearly 4
2.1.3 cause-effect relations,		Correct pronunciation 3
2.1.4 conclusions (eg What does this story / fable teach us?)		Reads with exceptional insight 2
2.1.5 whether or not the story was liked and why;		Reads with expression 1
2.2 reads instructions related to real life interests and needs ;		Reads clearly 3
2.3 reads a wide variety of fairly complex texts such as fiction and non-fiction books, tables of contents and indexes.	400 words 1 of A4 (12font)	Correct pronunciation 2
AS3 : Reads texts alone, and uses a variety of strategies to make meaning :	Learner uses a word recognition and comprehension skills to read unfamiliar texts.	Reads with reasonable insight 1
3.1 reads a printed text fluently and with understanding :		Reads in phrases 1
3.1.1 pronounces words with accuracy when reading aloud ,		Hesitant reading 2
3.1.2 reads aloud with expression, using appropriate stress, pausing and intonation.		Replaces text with own words 1
3.1.3 uses word recognition and comprehension skills to read unfamiliar texts (eg phonics, contextual cues, predicting)		Reads with no understanding 1
3.1.4 uses a range of automatic monitoring and self-correcting methods when reading such as re-reading, reading on, pausing, and practising the word before saying it out loud		Reads word for word 1
	1 of A4 (12font)	Cannot read without help 1
	FAT Task 2	

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE		TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4
LO 3 : READING AND VIEWING					
AS4 : Consolidates phonic knowledge :	Test 50 words	Test 60 words	Test 70 words	Test 80 words or 2X 40 words	
4.1 recognises that the same sound can be spelled in different ways (eg play, pain, plate)	ay- ai- all Fairy 'e' make - making				
4.2 recognises that the same spelling can represent different sounds (eg bread, read)	Recognises that the same spelling can represent different sounds.				
4.3 recognises some more vowel sounds spelled with two letters (vowel diagraphs) (eg oi,ou,oa,aw)	ea, city (sounds like s) giant (sounds like j) oy, ow, ew, oe, ui, ue, ey, ie, ei ey				
4.4 recognises the use of 'gh' and 'ght' at the end of words:	Recognise the use of 'gh' and 'ght' tough / taught cough / caught though / taught	-ble, - dle,-ple, -tie -tch, -ould, -id, -ai, -sk			
4.5 recognises vowels with two sounds (diphthongs) (eg ere, air, are, au)		Silent sounds			
* ADDITIONAL 4.6 Silent sounds (eg, k - knight, g - gnaw h - honest, l - palm, b - lamb)		k - knight, g - gnaw, h - honest	oar ear		
	FAT Task 2	FAT Task 2	FAT Task 2		
AS 5 : Read for information and enjoyment :					
5.1 chooses fiction and non-fiction books and says what was liked or not liked about them ;	fiction	fiction	fiction - non-fiction from library	fiction - non-fiction from library	
5.2 reads and appreciates books written by authors from different cultures about a range of different contexts and relationships	eg. IsiXhosa story Nelson Mandela	eg. Jewish religion information			
5.3 reads different kinds of texts such as comics, magazines, newspapers	Reads magazines	Reads magazines	Magazines and newspapers	Magazines and newspapers	
5.4 develops vocabulary by using a dictionary and keeping a personal dictionary ;	Personal / picture dictionary of new words	Personal / picture dictionary Junior dictionary	Personal / picture dictionary Junior dictionary	Personal / picture dictionary Junior dictionary	
5.5 uses table of contents, index, key words, headings, captions and page numbers to find information ;	Key words	Index and table of content	Headings / captions	Headings / captions	
5.6 plays word games that draw on reading, vocabulary knowledge and skills	10 to 20 words	20 to 30 words	30 to 40 words	30 to 40 words	
5.7 identifies and finds information sources such as community members, library books ;			Interview people from community	Research interesting topic using books	
5.8 starts to analyse oral, written and visual texts for socio-cultural values, attitudes and assumptions (eg in an advertisement on soap powder, talk about who is meant to appeal to, and roles played by females and males)	Analyse an advertisement in a magazine and talk about the roles the audience targeted.	Analyse an oral text : radio, tape and talk about the roles played by males and females about the socio cultural values and attitudes	Analyse an advertisement on television and talk	Analyse an advertisement on television and talk	
	FAT Task 4	FAT Task 2	FAT Task 2 and 4		

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 1				
LO 3 : READING AND VIEWING		Oral and Written Response			
AS4 : Consolidates phonetic knowledge :		Task 2 : Hints			
Grade 2 revision		1. Supply standardised reading material (reading programme) 2. Phonics : test of words done.			
4.1 recognises that the same sound can be spelled in different ways (eg play, pain, plate)	ay- ai- all Fairy "e"	3. Choose 5 words from phonics list to make sentences. 4. Look for similar words in magazines or newspapers and use it to make sentences in books Choose between 3 or 4 as an activity.			
4.2 recognises that the same spelling can represent different sounds (eg bread, read)	make - making				
4.3 recognises some more vowel sounds spelled with two letters (vowel diagraphs) (eg oio, ou, oa, aw)	ea, city (sounds like s) giant (sounds like j) oy, ow, ew, oe, ui, ue, ey, ie, ei ey				
4.4 recognises the use of 'gh' and 'ght' at the end of words :	Recognise the use of 'gh' and 'ght' 'gh' tough / taught cough / caught though / taught	Task 4 : Hints			
4.5 recognises vowels with two sounds (diphthongs) (eg ere, air, are, au)		1. Learners read different poems. 2. Learners develop vocabulary using dictionaries for difficult words. 3. Each group dramatize poem in a rap form.			
* ADDITIONAL 4.6 Silent sounds (eg. k - knight, g - gnaw h - honest, l - palm, b - lamb					
		Tool : Rubric : Reading			
		4 Reads clearly Correct pronunciation Reads with exceptional insight Reads with expression Reads clearly Correct pronunciation Reads with reasonable insight Reads in phrases Hesitant reading Replaces text with own words Reads with no understanding Reads word for word Cannot read without help 1 2 3 4			
		FAT Task 2			
		AS5 : Reads for information and enjoyment :			
		5.1 chooses fiction and non-fiction books and says what was liked or not liked about them ;			
		5.2 reads and appreciates books written by authors from different cultures about a range of different contexts and relationships			
		5.3 reads different kinds of texts such as comics, magazines, newspapers			
		5.4 develops vocabulary by using a dictionary and keeping a personal dictionary ;			
		5.5 uses table of contents, index, key words, headings, captions and page numbers to find information ;			
		5.6 plays word games that draw on reading... vocabulary knowledge and skills			
		5.7 identifies and finds information sources such as community members, library books ;			
		5.8 starts to analyse oral, written and visual texts for socio-cultural values, attitudes and assumptions (eg in an advertisement on soap powder, talk about who is meant to appeal to, and roles played by females and males)			
		Tool : Rating Scale : Spelling			
		45 to 50			
		35 to 44			
		16 to 34			
		1 to 15			
		FAT Task 4			

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 2	
LO 3 : READING AND VIEWING		
AS4 : Consolidates phonic knowledge :		Oral and Written Response
Grade 2 revision	test 60 words	
4.1 recognises that the same sound can be spelled in different ways (eg play, pain, plate)		Task 2 : Hints
4.2 recognises that the same spelling can represent different sounds (eg bread, read)		1. Supply standardised reading material (environment) 2. Phonics : test of words done. 3. Choose 5 words from phonics list to make sentences. 4. Look for similar words in magazines or newspapers and use it to make sentences in books Choose between 3 or 4 as an activity.
4.3 recognises some more vowel sounds spelled with two letters (vowel diagraphs) (eg oi,ou,oa,aw)		
4.4 recognises the use of 'gh' and 'ght' at the end of words ; ere,air,are,au)	-bie, -die,-ble, -tle -tch,-ould, -ld, -all, -sk	Oral and Written Response
4.5 recognises vowels with two sounds (diiphongs) (eg	Silent sounds	Task 4 : Hints
ere,air,are,au)	k - knight, g - gnaw, h - honest	1. Children read facts for interviews about religions: dialogue on cd 2. Read words and labels representing festivals and symbols. 3. Read sentences about different religious holidays. 4. Read comprehension about our National Anthem.
* ADDITIONAL 4.6 Silent sounds eg. k - knight, g - gnaw h - honest, l - palm, b - lamb		
	FAT Task 2	
AS5 : Reads for information and enjoyment :		Tool : Rubric : Reading
5.1 chooses fiction and non-fiction books and says what was liked or not liked about them ;	fiction	Reads clearly 4
5.2 reads and appreciates books written by authors from different cultures about a range of different contexts and relationships	eg. IsiXhosa story Nelson Mandela	Correct pronunciation Reads with exceptional insight Reads with expression 3
5.3 reads different kinds of texts such as economics, magazines, newspapers	Reads magazines	Reads clearly Correct pronunciation Reads with reasonable insight Reads in phrases Hesitant reading 2
5.4 develops vocabulary by using a dictionary and keeping a personal dictionary ;	Personal / picture dictionary Junior dictionary	Replace text with own words Reads with no understanding Reads word for word 1
5.5 uses table of contents, index, key words, headings, captions and page numbers to find information ;	Index and table of content	
5.6 plays word games that draw on reading, vocabulary knowledge and skills	20 to 30 words	
5.7 identifies and finds information sources such as community members, library books ;		Cannot read without help
5.8 starts to analyse oral, written and visual texts for socio-cultural values, attitudes and assumptions (eg in an advertisement on soap powder, talk about who is meant to appeal to, and roles played by females and males)	Analyse an oral text: radio, tape and talk about the roles played by males and females and socio cultural values and attitudes	55 to 60 4 3 2 1
	FAT Task 2 and 4	

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 3
LO 3 : READING AND VIEWING	
AS4 : Consolidates phonic knowledge : Grade 2 revision	Test 70 words
4.1 recognises that the same sound can be spelled in different ways (eg play, pain, plate)	
4.2 recognises that the same spelling can represent different sounds (eg bread, read)	
4.3 recognises some more vowel sounds spelled with two letters (vowel diagrams) (eg oi,ou,oa,aw)	
4.4 recognises the use of 'gh' and 'ght' at the end of words;	
4.5 recognises vowels with two sounds (diphthongs) (eg ere,air,are,au)	
* ADDITIONAL 4.6 Silent sounds (eg .k - knight, g - gnaw h - honest, l - palm, b - lamb)	
	FAT Task 4
AS5 : Reads for information and enjoyment :	Task 4 : Hints
5.1 chooses fiction and non-fiction books and says what was liked or not liked about them ;	1. Supply standardised reading material. (child hero)
5.2 reads and appreciates books written by authors from different cultures about a range of different contexts and relationships	2. Phonics : test of words done.
5.3 reads different kinds of texts such as economics, magazines, newspapers	3. Choose 5 words from phonics list to make sentences
5.4 develops vocabulary by using a dictionary and keeping a personal dictionary ;	4. Look for similar words in magazines or newspapers and use it to make sentences in books
5.5 uses table of contents, index, key words, headings, captions and page numbers to find information ;	Choose between 3 or 4 as an activity.
5.6 plays word games that draw on reading, vocabulary knowledge and skills	
5.7 identifies and finds information sources such as community members, library books ;	Oral and Written Response
5.8 starts to analyse oral, written and visual texts for socio-cultural values, attitudes and assumptions (eg in an advertisement on soap powder, talk about who is meant to appeal to, and roles played by females and males)	Task 4 : Hints
	1. Supply standardised reading material. (child hero)
	2. Phonics : test of words done.
	3. Choose 5 words from phonics list to make sentences
	4. Look for similar words in magazines or newspapers and use it to make sentences in books
	Oral and Written Response
	Task 2 and 4 : Hints
	1. Read information in letters received from children other countries.
	Tool : Rubric : Reading
	1. Read clearly
	2. Correct pronunciation
	3. Reads with exceptional insight
	4. Reads with expression
	5. Reads clearly
	6. Correct pronunciation
	7. Reads with reasonable insight
	8. Reads in phrases
	9. Hesitant reading
	10. Replaces text with own words
	11. Reads with no understanding
	12. Reads word for word
	13. Cannot read without help
	14. Answers very few questions correctly
	Tool : Rubric : Comprehension
	1. Answers all questions correctly
	2. Answers most questions correctly
	3. Answers very few questions correctly
	4. Answers all questions incorrectly
	Tool : Rating Scale : Spelling
	1. 65 to 70
	2. 51 to 64
	3. 26 to 50
	4. 1 to 25
	5. 1 to 25

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 4	
LO 3 : READING AND VIEWING		
AS4 : Consolidates phonic knowledge : Grade 2 revision	Test 80 words or 2X 40 words	Oral and Written Response
4.1 recognises that the same sound can be spelled in different ways (eg play, pain, plate)		Task 2 : Hints
4.2 recognises that the same spelling can represent different sounds (eg bread, read)		1. Supply standardised reading material. (object)
4.3 recognises some more vowel sounds spelled with two letters (vowel diagrams) (eg oi,ou,oa,aw)		2. Phonics: test of words done.
4.4 recognises the use of 'gh' and 'ght' at the end of words;		3. Choose 5 words from phonics list to make sentences.
4.5 recognises vowels with two sounds (diphthongs) (eg ere, air, are, au)		4. Look for similar words in magazines or newspapers and use it to make sentences in books
* ADDITIONAL 4.6 Silent sounds eg. k - knight, g - gnaw h - honest, l - palm, b - lamb		Choose between 3 or 4 as an activity.
AS5 : Reads for information and enjoyment :		Tool : Rubric : Reading
5.1 chooses fiction and non-fiction books and says what was liked or not liked about them ;	fiction - non-fiction from library	Reads clearly 4 Correct pronunciation Reads with exceptional insight Reads with expression
5.2 reads and appreciates books written by authors from different cultures about a range of different contexts and relationships		Reads clearly 3 Correct pronunciation Reads with reasonable insight Reads in phrases
5.3 reads different kinds of texts such as comics, magazines, newspapers	Magazines and newspapers	Hesitant reading 2 Replaces text with own words Reads with no understanding Reads word for word
5.4 develops vocabulary by using a dictionary and keeping a personal dictionary ;	Personal / picture dictionary	Cannot read without help 1
5.5 uses table of contents, index, key words, headings, captions and page numbers to find information ;	Junior dictionary	
5.6 plays word games that draw on reading, vocabulary knowledge and skills	Headings / captions	
5.7 identifies and finds information sources such as community members, library books ;	page numbers	
5.8 starts to analyse oral, written and visual texts for socio-cultural values, attitudes and assumptions (eg in an advertisement on soap powder, talk about who it is meant to appeal to, and roles played by females and males)	30 to 40 words	
		Tool : Rubric : Comprehension
		Answers all questions correctly 4 Answers most questions correctly 3 Answers very few questions correctly 2 Answers all questions incorrectly 1
		Tool : Rating Scale : Spelling
		75 to 80 4 60 to 74 3 30 to 59 2 1 to 29 1

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4
LO 4 : WRITING				
AS1 : Use pre-writing strategies to initiate writing				
1.1 uses various pre-writing strategies to gather information and choose a topic (eg brainstorming ideas and ask questions in a group and put thoughts on paper or in drawing form.	choose a topic and brainstorm Grouping / mapping in which they will write the content	Gathering ideas or information and organise their thoughts in sentences and paragraphs	Gathering ideas or information and organise their thoughts and organise their thoughts in sentences and paragraphs	Gathering ideas or information and organise their thoughts and organise their thoughts in sentences and paragraphs
1.2 begins to plan writing	1 paragraph	2 paragraph	3 paragraphs	story
AS2 : Drafts a piece of writing for different purposes:				
2.1 selects to suit the purpose and audience (eg diary entry to record feelings about an event)	Make a list of events that happens at the school	Keep a diary and record feelings about and event.	Make a mind map about responsibilities.	
2.2 writes a selection of short texts for different purposes (eg one- or two-paragraph stories, simple book reviews, recipes, letters, dialogues, instructions);	Recipe	Instructions	Letter	Dialogue
2.3 where appropriate, writes a title that reflects the content.	Write a short paragraph on a given topic.	2 paragraphs	3 paragraphs	story
AS3 : Revise own writing :	FATTask 2	FATTask 4	FATTask 2 and 4	FATTask 4
3.1 discusses own and others' writing to get or give feedback.	Discuss own writing with the teacher to make it clearer/ more interesting or replace words.	Discuss with the teacher and a group of learners to make writing more informative. Re-arrange sentences and own writing.	Discuss their writing with a peer to identify beginning and ending sentences in each paragraph.	Discuss with a peer their writing to identify context, sentences and revise own writing.
3.2 edits own writing (eg deleting or adding words to clarify meaning, re-ordering sentences, checking and correcting spelling and punctuation);	Revise and edit own writing.	remove some parts.	Revise and edits own writing	Check subject and verb agreement
3.3 revises own writing after getting feedback from others.	Check errors, spelling, and punctuation.	Revise own writing.	Check verb tense	R
	1 paragraph	2 paragraphs	3 paragraphs	story
AS4 : Publishes (makes public) own writing	Write poems and share it by reading it aloud	Shares process of interview with teacher and a group of learners.	Revise own writing, share own story with class and display in reading corner.	Share dialogue with a group. Compile a class book or anthology with stories.
4.1 shares work with others by reading it aloud and/or displaying it in the classroom;	with teacher and a group of peers.	and outcome with teacher and peers.		
4.2 shares writing with intended audience, such as family or friends (eg letters, messages, instructions)	Compile a class book anthology) with class poems and display.	R	Own story with given topic : booklet (6 x A5)	
4.3 makes own books or contributes to class anthologies.	Interview			
	FATTask 4	FATTask 4		

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 1	
LO 4 : WRITING		
AS1 : Use pre-writing strategies 1.1 uses various pre-writing strategies to gather information and choose a topic (eg brainstorming, free writing, talking with friends, visual images) 1.2 begins to plan writing	Choose a topic and brainstorm ideas and ask questions in a group and put thoughts on paper or in drawing form. R	Written Response : Sequencing Task 2 : Hints 1. Supply learners with sentences, matching the first part with the last. 2. Learners match the two parts in correct order. 3. Rewrite sentences correctly in workbook. 4. Correct use punctuation.
AS2 : Drafts a piece of writing for different purposes : 2.1 selects to suit the purpose and audience (eg diary entry to record feelings about an event) 2.2 writes a selection of short texts for different purposes (eg one- or two-paragraph stories, simple book reviews, recipes, letters, dialogues, instructions); 2.3 where appropriate, writes a title that reflects the content.	1 paragraph R	Written Response : Sentences and Poem Task 4 : Hints 1. Write poems in groups. 2. Write sentences about good and bad eating habits.
	FAT Task 2	Tool : Rubric : Writing with sequencing 4 Imaginative Correct spelling Correct use of punctuation Correct sequence Good sentence construction Occasional spelling mistakes Occasional punctuation mistakes Correct sequence
AS3 : Revise own writing : 3.1 discusses own and others' writing to get or give feedback; 3.2 edits own writing (eg deleting or adding words to clarify meaning, re-ordering sentences, checking own writing); 3.3 revises own writing after getting feedback from others.	Discuss own writing with the teacher to make it clearer/ more interesting or replace words. Revise and edit own writing. R	4 Imaginative Correct spelling Correct use of punctuation Correct sequence Good sentence construction Occasional spelling mistakes Occasional punctuation mistakes Correct sequence
AS4 : Publishes (makes public) own writing	Write poems and share it by reading it aloud with teacher and a group of learners. R	2 Poor sentence construction Poor spelling Poor punctuation Incorrect sequence No sentences Illegible No punctuation Incorrect sequence
4.1 shares work with others by reading it aloud and/or displaying it in the classroom; 4.2 shares writing with intended audience, such as family or friends (eg letters, messages, instructions) 4.3 makes own books or contributes to class anthologies.	Compile a classbook (anthology) with class poems and display. FAT Task 4	

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 2		
LO 4 : WRITING			
AS1 : Use pre-writing strategies	Grouping/ mapping in which they will write the content.	Written Response : Text one paragraph	
1.1 uses various pre-writing strategies to gather information and choose a topic (eg brainstorming, free writing, talking with friends, visual images)		Task 2 : Hints	
1.2 begins to plan writing		1. Brainstorm facts about my environment. 2. Create a short text (one paragraph) about your environment after discussion.	
	2 paragraph		
	FAT Task 2		
AS2 : Drafts a piece of writing for different purposes:	Keep a diary and record feelings about an event.	Written Response : Labels and sentences	
2.1 selects to suit the purpose and audience (eg diary entry to record feelings about an event)	Instructions	Task 4 : Hints	
2.2 writes a selection of short texts for different purposes (eg one- or two-paragraph stories, simple book reviews, recipes, letters, dialogues, instructions);		1. Write sentences on worksheet in order months of the year. 2. Rewrite sentences on worksheet with punctuation. 3. Write sentences consisting of one paragraph about one of the interviews of different religious festivals.	
2.3 where appropriate, writes a title that reflects the content.		4. Make patterns to decorate top and bottom of page with religious symbols.	
	FAT Task 4		
AS3 : Revises own writing :	Discuss with the teacher and a group of learners to make writing more informative.	Tool : Rubric : Writing with sequencing	
3.1 discusses own and others' writing to get or give feedback;	Re-arrange sentences and remove some parts.	4 Imaginative Correct spelling Correct use of punctuation	
3.2 edits own writing (eg deleting or adding words to clarify meaning, re-ordering sentences, checking and correcting spelling and punctuation);	Revise own writing.	3 Good sentence construction Occasional spelling mistakes Occasional punctuation mistakes	
3.3 revises own writing after getting feedback from others.	2 paragraphs	2 Correct sequence with a few mistakes Poor sentence construction Poor spelling Poor punctuation	
AS4 : Publishes (makes public) own writing	Shares process of interview and outcome with teacher and peers.	1 No sentences Illegible No punctuation Incorrect sequence	
4.1 shares work with others by reading it aloud and/or displaying it in the classroom;			
4.2 shares writing with intended audience, such as family or friends (eg letters, messages, instructions)			
4.3 makes own books or contributes to class anthologies.			
	FAT Task 4		

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 3	
LO 4 : WRITING		
AS1 : Use pre-writing strategies 1.1 uses various pre-writing strategies to gather information and choose a topic (eg brainstorming, free writing, talking with friends, visual images) 1.2 begins to plan writing	Gather ideas or information and organise their thoughts in sentences and paragraphs. Task 2 : Hints 3 paragraphs	Written Response : Interview and Story Task 4 : Hints 3 paragraphs
AS2 : Drafts a piece of writing for different purposes: 2.1 selects to suit the purpose and audience (eg diary entry to record feelings about an event) 2.2 writes a selection of short texts for different purposes (eg one- or two-paragraph stories, simple book reviews, recipes, letters, dialogues, instructions); 2.3 where appropriate, writes a title that reflects the content.	Letter FAT Task 2 and 4	Written Response : Letter Task 4 : Hints How many paragraphs must it consist of? Ending. Guidelines for writing a letter. Address: Beginning. Who is it for? What is it about? How many paragraphs must it consist of? Ending.
AS3 : Revise own writing : 3.1 discusses own and others' writing to get or give feedback; 3.2 edits own writing (eg deleting or adding words to clarify meaning, re-ordering sentences, checking and correcting spelling and punctuation); 3.3 revises own writing after getting feedback from others.	Revise and edit own writing. FAT Task 2 and 4	Tool : Rubric : Writing Discuss their writing with a peer to identify beginning and ending sentences in each paragraph. Tool : Rubric : Writing 4 Imaginative Correct spelling Correct use of punctuation Uses paragraphs Good sentence construction Occasional spelling mistakes Occasional punctuation mistakes Attempts to write in paragraphs
AS4 : Publishes (makes public) own writing 4.1 shares work with others by reading it aloud and/or displaying it in the classroom; 4.2 shares writing with intended audience, such as family or friends (eg letters, messages, instructions) 4.3 makes own books or contributes to class anthologies.	Revise own writing, share own story with class and display in reading corner. R Own story with given topic : booklet (6 x A5)	 Poor sentence construction Poor spelling Poor punctuation No paragraphs No sentences Illegible No punctuation No paragraphs

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 4	
LO 4 : WRITING		
AST 1 : use pre-writing strategies		
1.1 uses various pre-writing strategies to gather information and choose a topic (eg brainstorming, free writing, talking with friends, visual images)	Gather ideas or information and organise their thoughts in sentences and paragraphs	Written Response : Sequencing, Dialogue
1.2 begins to plan writing	R story	Task 4 - Hints
		Dialogue about creatures eg from outer space or own designed birds.
AST 2 : Drafts a piece of writing for different purposes:		
2.1 selects to suit the purpose and audience (eg diary entry to record feelings about an event)	Make a mind map about responsibilities.	1. Revise writing of dialogue in speech bubbles.
2.2 writes a selection of short texts for different purposes (eg one- or two-paragraph stories, simple book reviews, recipes, letters, dialogues, instructions);	Dialogue	2. Discuss different pictures on worksheet.
2.3 where appropriate, writes a title that reflects the content.	story	3. Write key words on board.
	FAT Task 4	4. Learners write dialogue in speech bubbles.
AST 3 : Revise own writing :		
3.1 discusses own and others' writing to get or give feedback;	Writing to identify context, sentences and revise own writing.	5. Learners check own work. (spelling)
3.2 edits own writing (eg deleting or adding words to clarify meaning, re-ordering sentences, checking and correcting spelling and punctuation);		6. Rewrite dialogue in different way. Baloo : Poke!
3.3 revises own writing after getting feedback from others.	R story	
AST 4 : Publishes (makes public) own writing		
4.1 shares work with others by reading it aloud and/or displaying it in the classroom;	Share dialogue with a group.	Imaginative
4.2 shares writing with intended audience, such as family or friends (eg letters, messages, instructions)	Compile a classbook or anthology with stories.	Correct spelling
4.3 makes own books or contributes to class anthologies.	Own story with given topic : booklet (6 x A5)	Correct use of punctuation
		Uses paragraphs
		Good sentence construction
		Occasional spelling mistakes
		Attempts to write in paragraphs
		Poor sentence construction
		Poor spelling
		Poor punctuation
		No paragraphs
		No sentences
		Illegible
		No punctuation
		No paragraphs

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4
LO 4 : WRITING				
AS5 : Builds vocabulary and spells words independently:	Build and spells words for specific purposes eg.			
5.1 varies vocabulary for interest and specific purposes;				
5.2 experiments with and manipulates words from stories reading, media, jokes or language of friends and others;	words used in a poem/story	Words used in jokes	Words used in media and oral.	Words used in dialogue, radio and television.
5.3 builds word bank and personal dictionary;	R	R	R	R
5.4 uses dictionary to check spelling and meaning of words;	R	R	R	R
5.5 uses knowledge of phonics and spelling rules to write unfamiliar words;				
AS6 : Uses appropriate grammatical structures and writing conventions:	1 paragraph	2 paragraphs	3 paragraphs	story
6.1 begins to group sentences into paragraphs;	4 sentence paragraphs	4 sentences per paragraph		Group sentences to form a story.
6.2 uses punctuation appropriately (capital letters, full stops, question mark, commas, apostrophes, exclamation marks)	Capital letters, commas,	Capital letters, commas,	Apostrophe and exclamation marks.	
6.3 applies knowledge of grammar;				R
6.4 uses knowledge of other texts as models for writing;			R	R
6.5 uses narrative structure;				R
6.6 uses informational text structures, such as experiments;				R
	FAT Task 4	FAT Task 4	FAT Task 2	FAT Task 4
AS7 : Writes legibly:				
7.1 writes with ease and increasing speed as a result of frequent practice;	R	R	R	R
			Cursive patterns	Write in Irish or half lines
		Start with cursive patterns and letters		R
	R			
7.2 completes a writing task within a set time.				
	FAT Task 4	FAT Task 4	FAT Task 2	FAT Task 4

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE		TERM 1
LO 4 : WRITING		
AS5 : Builds vocabulary and spells words independently :	Build and spells words for specific purposes e.g. words used in a poem/story in reading.	Written Response: Sentences
5.1 varies vocabulary for interest and specific purposes;		
5.2 experiments with and manipulates words from stories, reading, media, jokes, oral language of friends and others;	R	Task 4 : Hints
5.3 builds word bank and personal dictionary;	R	1. Use punctuation in sentences about good and bad eating habits.
5.4 uses dictionary to check spelling and meaning of words;		2. Complete task within a given time.
5.5 uses knowledge of phonics and spelling rules to write unfamiliar words.	Use knowledge of phonics.	Tool : Rubric : Writing
AS6 : Uses appropriate grammatical structures and writing conventions.	1 paragraph 4 sentence paragraphs	Imaginative 4 Correct spelling Correct use of punctuation
6.1 begins to group sentences into paragraphs;		
6.2 uses punctuation appropriately (capital letters, full stops, question mark, commas, apostrophes, exclamation marks);	Capital letters, commas, full stops and question marks.	Uses paragraphs 3 Good sentence construction Occasional spelling mistakes
6.3 applies knowledge of grammar,	R	Occasional punctuation mistakes
6.4 uses knowledge of other texts as models for writing;	R	Attempts to write in paragraphs
6.5 uses narrative structure;		Poor sentence construction 2 Poor spelling
6.6 uses informational text structures, such as experiments.		
	FAT Task 4	Poor punctuation No paragraphs No sentences 1 Illegible
AS7 : Writes legibly :	R	No punctuation No paragraphs
7.1 writes with ease and increasing speed as a result of frequent practice;	Revise all letters in Print. (A a B b)	No punctuation No paragraphs
7.2 completes a writing task within a set time.	R	
	FAT Task 4	

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 2																																															
LO 4 : WRITING <ul style="list-style-type: none"> AS5 : Builds vocabulary and spells words independently : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 5.1 varies vocabulary for interest and specific purposes 5.2 experiments with and manipulates words from stones, reading, media, jokes, oral language of friends and others. 5.3 builds word bank and personal dictionary; 5.4 uses dictionary to check spelling and meaning of words; 5.5 uses knowledge of phonic sand spelling rulesto write unfamiliar words. AS6 : Uses appropriate grammatical structures and writing conventions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 6.1 begins to group sentences into paragraphs. 6.2 uses punctuation appropriately(capital letters, full stops, question mark, commas, apostrophes, exclamation mark full stops and question marks. 6.3 applies knowledge of grammar; 6.4 uses knowledge of other texts as models for writing; 6.5 uses narrative structure; 6.6 uses informational text structures, such as experiments 	Written Response : Labels, Sentences <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Words used in jokes and oral . 	Task 4 : Hints <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Write sentenceson worksheet in order months of the year. 2. Rewrite sentenceson worksheet with punctuation. 3. Write sentencesconsisting of one paragraph about the interviews of different religious festivals. 4. Make patterns to decorate top and bottom of page with religious symbols. 																																														
AS7 : Writeslegibly : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 7.1 writeswith ease and increasing speed as a result of frequent practice; 7.2 completeswriting task within a set time. 	Capital letters, commas, full stops and question marks.	Tool : Rubric : Writing <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 15%; text-align: center; padding: 5px;">FAT Task 4</td> <td style="width: 15%; text-align: center; padding: 5px;">Imaginative</td> <td style="width: 15%; text-align: center; padding: 5px;">4</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">FAT Task 4</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">Correct spelling</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">FAT Task 4</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">Correct use of punctuation</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">3</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">FAT Task 4</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">Uses paragraphs</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">FAT Task 4</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">Good sentence construction</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">FAT Task 4</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">Occasional spelling mistakes</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">FAT Task 4</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">Occasional punctuation mistakes</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">FAT Task 4</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">Attempts to write in paragraphs</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">FAT Task 4</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">Poor sentence construction</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">FAT Task 4</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">Poor spelling</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">FAT Task 4</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">Poor punctuation</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">FAT Task 4</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">No paragraphs</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">FAT Task 4</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">No sentences</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">FAT Task 4</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">No punctuation</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">FAT Task 4</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">No paragraphs</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;"></td> </tr> </table>	FAT Task 4	Imaginative	4	FAT Task 4	Correct spelling	2	FAT Task 4	Correct use of punctuation	3	FAT Task 4	Uses paragraphs		FAT Task 4	Good sentence construction		FAT Task 4	Occasional spelling mistakes		FAT Task 4	Occasional punctuation mistakes		FAT Task 4	Attempts to write in paragraphs		FAT Task 4	Poor sentence construction		FAT Task 4	Poor spelling		FAT Task 4	Poor punctuation		FAT Task 4	No paragraphs		FAT Task 4	No sentences		FAT Task 4	No punctuation		FAT Task 4	No paragraphs		1 2 3 4
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AS8 : Writeslegibly : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 8.1 writeswith ease and increasing speed as a result of frequent practice; 8.2 completeswriting task within a set time. 																																																

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 3	
LO 4 : WRITING		
AS5 : Builds vocabulary and spells words independently :		Written Response : Interview, Letter
5.1 varies vocabulary for interest and specific purposes;	Words used in media and reading.	Task 2 and 4 : Hints
5.2 experiments with and manipulates words from stories, reading, media ,jokes, oral language of friends and others.		Task 2 1. Story about a hero from the past. 2. Use information from interview.
5.3 builds word bank and personal dictionary;	R	3. Write story with : beginning, middle and ending .
5.4 uses dictionary to check spelling and meaning of words;	R	4. Make use of correct punctuation.
5.5 uses knowledge of phonics and spelling rules to write unfamiliar words	Use knowledge of phonics.	5. Use dictionary to check spelling of more difficult words.
AS6 : Uses appropriate grammatical structures and writing conventions:	3 paragraphs	Task 4 1. Letter to children in other countries: check spelling rules
6.1 begins to group sentences into paragraphs;	Apostrophe and exclamation marks.	Tool : Rubric : Writing
6.2 uses punctuation appropriately(capital letters, full stops, question mark, commas, apostrophes, exclamation mark)		
6.3 applies knowledge of grammar;		Imaginative 4
6.4 uses knowledge of other texts as models for writing;	R	Correct spelling
6.5 uses narrative structure;		Correct use of punctuation
6.6 uses informational text structures, such as experiments.		Uses paragraphs
		Good sentence construction
		Occasional spelling mistakes
		Attempts to write in paragraphs
AS7 : Writes legibly :	FAT Task 2	2
7.1 writes with ease and increasing speed as a result of frequent practice;	R	Poor sentence construction
	Cursive patterns and letters	Poor spelling
7.2 completes a writing task within a set time.	R	Poor punctuation
		No paragraphs
		No sentences
		Illegalible
		No punctuation
		No paragraphs

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 4	
LO 4 : WRITING		
AS5 : Builds vocabulary and spells words independently :		
5.1 varies vocabulary for interest and specific purposes	Words used in dialogue,	Written Response : Sequencing , Dialogue
5.2 experiments with and manipulates words from stories, reading, media, jokes, oral language of friends and others	radio and television.	Task 4 : Hints
5.3 builds word bank and personal dictionary;	R	Dialogue about creatures from outer space or own designed birds.
5.4 uses dictionary to check spelling and meaning of words;	R	1. Revise writing of dialogue in speech bubbles.
5.5 uses knowledge of phonic s and spelling rules to write unfamiliar words.		2. Discuss different pictures on worksheet.
		3. Write key words on board.
		4. Learners write dialogue in speech bubbles.
AS6 : Uses appropriate grammatical structures and writing conventions.	story	Tool : Rubric : Writing
6.1 begins to group sentences into paragraphs;	Group sentences to form a story.	
6.2 uses punctuation appropriately (capital letters, full stops, question mark, commas, apostrophes, exclamation mark)	R	
6.3 applies knowledge of grammar;	R	4
6.4 uses knowledge of other texts as models for writing;	R	Imaginative
6.5 uses narrative structure;	R	Correct spelling
6.6 uses informational text structures, such as experiments	R	Correct use of punctuation
		Uses paragraphs
		3
		Good sentence construction
		Occasional punctuation mistakes
		Attempts to write in paragraphs
AS7 : Writes legibly :		
7.1 writes with ease and increasing speed as a result of frequent practice;	R	1
	Write in lines or half lines	Poor spelling
7.2 completes a writing task within a set time.	R	Poor punctuation
		No paragraphs
		1
		No sentences
		Illegible
		No punctuation
		No paragraphs

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 1		TERM 2		TERM 3		TERM 4	
LO 5 : THINKING AND REASONING								
AS1: Use language to develop concepts								
1.1 understands and uses the conceptual language of different learning areas necessary at this level and in preparation for the next level.	R		R		R		R	
AS2 : Uses language to think and reason :								
2.1 understands and uses language for logic and reasoning (eg cause and effect, drawing conclusions)	R							
2.2 uses higher order thinking and the language associated with it (eg hypothesising - 'I think it could ... , if ... then ...)			Give conclusion to story	R		Higher order of thinking		
2.3 uses language to describe similarities and differences, and to analyse, contrast information.						determine cause and effect e.g. a power failure	Higher order of thinking for writing dialogue - analyse	
			FAT Task 2 and 4			FAT Task 2		FAT Task 2
AS3 : Uses language to investigate and explore :								
3.1 asks questions for clarification, searches for explanations, suggests alternatives (eg 'If I do this, then ... ?' 'What about ... ?' 'We could try ...')						Survey, ask questions,	Interview a person eg: My hero	
3.2 does simple research tasks/questions which help define the task and get necessary information (eg What do we need to know, to do to get?; Where can we find the information?;			Plan steps of given task.			summarise and present information.	R	Does a simple library research
3.3 plans the steps of a task, and shares responsibilities (eg what must be and who will do what);			Share responsibilities.					
3.4 uses simple strategies for getting information								
3.4.1 asks relevant questions								
3.4.2 carries out interviews and surveys								
3.4.3 does library research (with help of adult or older learner);								
3.5 supports and clarifies arguments, by giving reasons and evidence;								
3.6 summarises information and presents it in an appropriate and interesting way.								
								FAT Task 2 and 4
AS4 : Processes information :								
4.1 records and organises information in different ways;	R					R		R
4.1.1 selects information and take notes,			Make a short list.			Make table or diagram		Make chart and flow
4.1.2 makes mind maps,			eg. groceries, stationery			eg. Religions and festivals		chart to record
4.1.3 constructs tables, diagrams, charts and flow-charts						food, clothing, symbols etc.		similarities and differences
4.2 sequence information and puts it under headings;								
4.3 uses language to describe similarities and differences, and to analyse, compare and contrast information.							R	
								FAT Task 4

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 1	
LO 5 : THINKING AND REASONING		
AS1 : Use language to develop concepts		
1.1 understands and uses the conceptual language of different learning areas necessary at this level and in preparation for the next level.	R	
AS2 : Uses language to think and reason :		
2.1 understands and uses language for logic and reasoning (eg cause and effect, drawing conclusions)	R	
2.2 uses higher order thinking and the language associated with it (eg hypothesising -'think it could ... , if ... then ...')		1. Supply learners with sentences, matching the first part with the last.
2.3 uses language to describe similarities and differences, and to analyse, contrast information.		2. Learners match the two parts in correct order.
		3. Rewrite sentences correctly in workbook.
		4. Correct use punctuation.
		Written Response : Practical demonstration
	FAT Task 2	
AS3 : Uses language to investigate and explore :		
3.1 asks questions for clarification, searches for explanations, suggests alternatives (eg 'If I do this, then ... ' 'What about ... ?' 'We could try ...')		1. Learners use magazine fruit man created in groups.
3.2 does simple research, asks questions which help define the task and get necessary information (eg What do we need to know, to do to get?; Where can we find the information?;		2. Write key words separately.
3.3 plans the steps of a task, and shares responsibilities (eg what must be done and who will do what);		3. Write rhyming words for each key word.
3.4 uses simple strategies for getting information		4. Create poem about fruit man in groups
3.4.1 asks relevant questions,		5. Create rap for poem.
3.4.2 carries out interviews and surveys,		
3.4.3 does library research (with help of adult or older learner);		
3.5 supports and clarifies arguments, by giving reasons and evidence;		
3.6 summarises information and presents it in an appropriate and interesting way.		
AS4 : Processes information :		
4.1 records and organises information in different ways	R	
4.1.1 selects information and take notes,		1. Work well together
4.1.2 makes mind maps,		2. Creative
4.1.3 constructs tables, diagrams, charts and flow-charts		3. Keeps with the beat.
4.2 sequence information and puts it under headings,		4. Creates a "rap" mood.
4.3 uses language to describe similarities and differences, and to analyse, compare and contrast information.		Used rhyming words
		Correct spelling
		Correct use of punctuation
	FAT Task 4	

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE		TERM 2	
LO 5 : THINKING AND REASONING			
AS1 : Use language to develop concepts			
1.1 understands and uses the conceptual language of different learning areas necessary at this level and in preparation for the next level.	R		
AS2 : Uses language to think and reason :			
2.1 understands and uses language for logic and reasoning (eg cause and effect, drawing conclusions)			
2.2 uses higher order thinking and the language associated with it (eg hypothesising - 'I think it could ... , if ... then ...')	R		
2.3 uses language to describe similarities and differences and to analyse, contrast information.			
AS3 : Uses language to investigate and explore :			
3.1 asks questions for clarification, searches for explanations, suggests alternatives (eg 'If I do this, then ...' 'What about ...?' 'We could try ...')	R		
3.2 does simple research : asks questions which help define the task and get necessary information (eg 'What do we need to know, to do to get?'; 'Where can we find the information?';			
3.3 plans the steps of a task, and shares responsibilities (eg what must be done and who will do what);			
3.4 uses simple strategies for getting information			
3.4.1 asks relevant questions,			
3.4.2 carries out interviews and surveys,			
3.4.3 does library research (with help of adult or older learner);			
3.5 supports and clarifies arguments by giving reasons and evidence;			
3.6 summarises information and presents it in an appropriate and interesting way.			
AS4 : Processes information :			
4.1 records and organises information in different ways;	R		
4.1.1 selects information and take notes,			
4.1.2 makes mind maps,			
4.1.3 constructs tables, diagrams, charts and flow-charts			
4.2 sequence information and puts it under headings;			
4.3 uses language to describe similarities and differences, and to analyse, compare and contrast information.			
	FAT Task 4		
Written Response : Brainstorm Practical Demonstration			
Task 2 : Hints			
1. Brainstorm facts about my environment.			
2. Create a short text about your environment after discussion.			
Tool : Rubric : Writing			
	Imaginative	4	
	Correct spelling		
	Correct use of punctuation		
AS3 : Uses paragraphs			
Survey, ask questions, summarise and present information.			
Good sentence construction	3		
Occasional spelling mistakes			
Occasional punctuation mistakes			
Attempts to write in paragraphs			
Poor sentence construction	2		
Poor spelling			
Poor punctuation			
No paragraphs			
No sentences	1		
Illegible			
No punctuation			
No paragraphs			
Written Response : Labels, Sentences			
Task 4 : Hints			
Tool : Rating Scale : Sentences			
36 to 40	4		
31 to 35		3	
26 to 30		2	
Below 25		1	

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 3	
LO 5 : THINKING AND REASONING		
AS1 : Use language to develop concepts 1.1 understands and uses the conceptual language of different learning areas necessary at this level and in preparation for the next level.	R eg. Tech (design)	Written Response : Story
AS2 : Uses language to think and reason :		Task 2 : Hints
2.1 understands and uses language for logic and reasoning (eg cause and effect, drawing conclusions)		1. Story about a hero from the past. Higher order of thinking eg. power failure.
2.2 uses higher order thinking and the language associated with it (eg hypothesising -'I think it could ... , if ... then ...')		2. Use information from interview. 3. Write story with : beginning, middle and ending.
2.3 uses language to describe similarities and differences and to analyse, contrast information.		4. Make use of correct punctuation. 5. Use dictionary to check spelling of more difficult words
AS3 : Uses language to investigate and explore :		Written Response : Letter
3.1 asks questions for clarification, searches for explanations, suggests alternatives (eg if I do this, then ... "What about ... ?" We could try		Task 4 : Hints
3.2 does simple research : asks questions which help define the task and get necessary information (eg What do we need to know, to do to get?; Where can we find the information?;		1. Letter to friend in another country.
3.3 plans the steps of a task, and shares responsibilities (eg what must be done and who will do what);	R Give guidelines for interview.	Tool : Rubric : Writing
3.4 uses simple strategies for getting information	R	Imaginative 4
3.4.1 asks relevant questions,		Correct spelling 1
3.4.2 carries out interviews and surveys,		Correct use of punctuation 2
3.4.3 does library research (with help of adult or older learner);		Uses paragraphs 3
3.5 supports and clarifies arguments by giving reasons and evidence;	R	Good sentence construction 3
3.6 summarises information and presents it in an appropriate and interesting way.	R	Occasional spelling mistakes 2
		Attempts to write in paragraphs 2
		Poor sentence construction 1
		Poor spelling 1
		Poor punctuation 1
		No paragraphs 1
AS4 : Processes information :		
4.1 records and organises information in different ways;	R	
4.1.1 selects information and takes notes,		Make mind maps.
4.1.2 makes mind maps,		eg. Causes and effect of power failure or water shortage.
4.1.3 constructs tables, diagrams, charts and flow-charts		No sentences 1 Illegal
4.2 sequences information and puts it under headings;		No punctuation 1
4.3 uses language to describe similarities and differences, and to analyse, compare and contrast information.		No paragraphs 1

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 4
LO 5 : THINKING AND REASONING	
AS 1 : Use language to develop concepts 1.1 understands and uses the conceptual language of different learning areas necessary at this level and in preparation for the next level.	R eg A&C (background)
AS 2 : Use language to think and reason : 2.1 understands and uses language for logic and reasoning (eg cause and effect, drawing conclusions) 2.2 uses higher order thinking and the language associated with it (eg hypothesising - "I think it could ... , if ... then ...") 2.3 uses language to describe similarities and differences and to analyse, contrast information.	Written Response : Practical Demonstration Task 2 : Hints 1. Supply learners with dialogue in comic strips. 2. Cover last two pictures. 3. Discuss what they predict will happen. 4. Puppet show with dialogue of what happens in comic strip. 5. Each group has to write their own ending. (dialogue) 6. Each group has to perform with the puppets how their story ends.
	FAT Task 2
AS 3 : Use language to investigate and explore. 3.1 asks questions for clarification, searches for explanations, suggests alternatives (eg 'If I do this, then ... ? What about ... ?' 'We could try ...') 3.2 does simple research : asks questions which help define the task and get necessary information (eg What do we need to know, to do to get? ; Where can we find the information? ; 3.3 plans the steps of a task, and shares responsibilities (eg what must be R and who will do what); 3.4 uses simple strategies for getting information 3.4.1 asks relevant questions, 3.4.2 carries out interviews and surveys, 3.4.3 does library research (with help of an adult or older learner); 3.5 supports and clarifies arguments, by giving reasons and evidence; 3.6 summarises information and presents it in an appropriate and interesting way.	Written Response : Dialogue Task 4 : Hints Dialogue about creatures eg. from outer space or own designed birds. 1. Revise writing of dialogue in speech bubbles. 2. Discuss different pictures on worksheet. 3. Write key words on board. 4. Learners write dialogue in speech bubbles. 5. Learners check own work. (spelling) 6. Rewrite dialogue in different way. Baloo : Poke!
	Tool : Rubric : Groupwork
AS 4 : Processes information : 4.1 records and organises information in different ways: 4.1.1 selects information and take notes, 4.1.2 makes mind maps, 4.1.3 constructs tables, diagrams, charts and flow-charts 4.2 sequence information and puts it under headings; 4.3 uses language to describe similarities and differences, and to analyse, compare and contrast information.	Imaginative 4 Correct spelling Correct use of punctuation Good sentence construction 3 Occasional spelling mistakes Occasional punctuation mistakes 2 Poor sentence construction Poor spelling Poor punctuation No sentences Illegible 1 No punctuation 1 see worksheet.
	Tool : Rubric : Dialogue
	1 2 3 4
	Imaginative thinking
	Correct writing of dialogue
	Correct spelling
	Correct use of punctuation
	Use of meta language

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4
LO 6 : LANGUAGE STRUCTURE AND USE				
AS1 : Relates sounds to letters and words	50 words R	60 words R	70 words R	80 words R
1.1 uses phonics to spell more difficult words.	teacher assists	teacher assists	Should know appropriate spelling rules.	Should know appropriate spelling rules.
AS2 : Works with words	R	R		
2.1 uses some spelling rules to spell correctly ;	Picture dictionary, dictionay and word bank.			
2.2 uses a variety of sources to check spelling ;				
2.3 uses prefixes and suffixes to build words ;				
2.4 identifies and uses more synonyms and antonyms.				
	FAT Task 4	FAT Task 4	FAT Task 2 and 4	FAT Task 2
AS3 : Works with sentences				
3.1 identifies subject, verb and object in a sentence ;		R		
3.2 uses subject-verb agreement correctly ;		R		
3.3 uses connecting words to express cause and effect (eg I don't like her because she is rude.			R	R
3.4 uses more complex tenses (eg present perfect progressive in English - 'I have been learning Xhosa for three years.)				
3.5 uses a variety of sentence types (questions, statements and commands) ;	R	R	R	R
3.6 identifies and correctly uses nouns, pronouns (me, her, him, etc.) adjectives, verbs, adverbs prepositions ;	Nouns, pronouns and verbs. Mary swims in the river. I quickly ran to the shop. I eat my food.	Adjectives and adverbs. I like juicy fruit.	Prepositions I sit on the chair.	
3.7 uses punctuation correctly (exclamation marks, apostrophes in contractions in Eng. -eg I'm, can't	I like to eat fruit.		R	Apostrophe
	FAT Task 4	FAT Task 2	FAT Task 2	FAT Task 2
AS4 : Works with texts				
4.1 links sentences to form paragraphs, maintaining consistency in use of tenses.	Link sentences to form a paragraph.	Link sentences to form 2 paragraphs.	Link sentences to form 3 paragraphs.	Link sentences to form a story.
			FAT Task 2 and 4	
AS5 : Develop critical language awareness				
5.1 explores the way class uses lang, with whom and for what purposes			R	R
AS6 : Use meta - language (subject, verb, object question, statement, command, connecting words.	Question and verb. Statement and command.	Subject, object and connecting words.	Simile, synonym and antonym.	
word, simile, synonym, antonym exclamation mark!)			R	R
			FAT Task 4	FAT Task 4

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE		TERM 1			
LO 6 : LANGUAGE STRUCTURE AND USE					
AS1 : Relates sounds to letters and words 1.1 uses phonics to spell more difficult words.		50 words R		Written Response	
AS2 : Works with words 2.1 uses some spelling rules to spell correctly ; 2.2 uses a variety of sources to check spelling ; 2.3 uses prefixes and suffixes to build words ; 2.4 identifies and uses more synonyms and antonyms.		Teacher assists R		Task 4 : Hints	
AS3 : Works with sentences 3.1 identifies subject, verb and object in a sentence ; 3.2 uses subject-verb agreement correctly ; 3.3 uses connecting words to express cause and effect (eg I don't like her because she is rude . 3.4 uses more complex tenses (eg present perfect progressive in English - 'I have been learning Xhosa for three years .')		Picture dictionary, dictionary and word bank.		1. Write sentences about good and bad food and indicate with different colours the following - noun (blue), pronoun (green), verbs (red). eg. Like eating a juicy red strawberry because it is healthy. 2. Create one paragraph about the fruit man from the magazine pictures. eg. The fruit man I created	
AS4 : Works with texts 4.1 links sentences to form paragraphs, maintaining consistency in use of tenses.		FAT Task 4		Tool : Rubric : Writing	
AS5 : Develop critical language awareness 5.1 explores the way class uses sang, with whom and for what purposes.		Statement and command. R		4 Imaginative use of nouns, pronouns and verbs Correct spelling Correct use of punctuation Uses paragraphs Good use of nouns, pronouns and verbs in sentences	
AS6 : Use meta-language (subject, verb, object question, statement, command, connecting word, simile, synonym, antonym exclamation mark!)		Nouns, pronouns and verbs R		3 Occasional spelling mistakes Occasional punctuation mistakes Attempts to write in paragraphs Poor use of nouns, pronouns and verbs in sentences Poor spelling Poor punctuation No paragraphs	
AS7 : Develop critical language awareness 5.1 explores the way class uses sang, with whom and for what purposes.		Link sentences to form a paragraph.		1 No sentence construction Illegible No punctuation No paragraphs	

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 2	
LO 6 : LANGUAGE STRUCTURE AND USE		
AS1 : Relates sounds to letters and words 1.1 uses phonics to spell more difficult words.	60 words R	Written Response : Sentences
AS2 : Works with words 2.1 uses some spelling rules to spell correctly ; 2.2 uses a variety of sources to check spelling ; 2.3 uses prefixes and suffixes to build words ; 2.4 identifies and uses more synonyms and antonyms.	Teacher assists R	Task 4 : Hints 1 Rewrite sentences about religious festivals. 2 Rearrange numbers of sentences in order of months of the year. 3 Look for spelling words as in worksheet, arrange in alphabetical order and write more or each list of words. (-ay-, fairy-e-)
AS3 : Works with sentences 3.1 identifies subject, verb and object in a sentence ; 3.2 uses subject-verb agreement correctly ; 3.3 uses connecting words to express cause and effect (eg don't like her <u>because</u> she is rude). 3.4 uses more complex tenses (eg present perfect progressive in English - "I have been learning Xhosa for three years.") 3.5 uses a variety of sentence types (questions, statements and commands) ; 3.6 identifies and correctly uses nouns, pronouns (me, her, him, etc.) adjectives, verbs, adverbs prepositions ;	FAT Task 4 R	Tool : Rating Scale : Sentences 3.1 identifies subject, verb and object in a sentence ; 3.2 uses subject-verb agreement correctly ; 3.3 uses connecting words to express cause and effect (eg don't like her <u>because</u> she is rude). 3.4 uses more complex tenses (eg present perfect progressive in English - "I have been learning Xhosa for three years.") 3.5 uses a variety of sentence types (questions, statements and commands) ; 3.6 identifies and correctly uses nouns, pronouns (me, her, him, etc.) adjectives, verbs, adverbs prepositions ;
AS4 : Works with texts 4.1 links sentences to form paragraphs, maintaining consistency in use of tenses.	Link sentences to form 2 paragraphs. R	Written Response : One Paragraph Task 2 : Hints 1 Write words under pictures about your environment. 2 Write a sentences (1 paragraph) in workbook using adverbs. 3 Underline <u>adjectives</u> and <u>adverbs</u> in each sentence.
AS5 : Develop critical language awareness 5.1 explores the way class uses slang, with whom and for what purposes.	FAT Task 2 R	Tool : Rubric : Writing Imaginative use of adjectives and adverbs Correct spelling Correct use of punctuation Uses paragraphs
AS6 : Use meta-language (subject, verb, object question, statement, command, connecting word, simile, synonym, antonym exclamation mark!).	Link sentences to form 2 paragraphs. R	Good use of adjectives and adverbs in sentence Occasional spelling mistakes Occasional punctuation mistakes Attempts to write in paragraphs Poor use of adjectives and adverbs in sentences Poor spelling Poor punctuation No paragraphs No sentences construction Illegible No punctuation No paragraphs

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE	TERM 3	
LO 6 : LANGUAGE STRUCTURE AND USE		
AS1 : Relates sounds to letters and words 1.1 uses phonics to spell more difficult words.	70 words R	Written Response : Letter
AS2 : Works with words 2.1 uses some spelling rules to spell correctly ; 2.2 uses a variety of sources to check spelling ; 2.3 uses prefixes and suffixes to build words ; 2.4 identifies and uses more synonyms and antonyms.	Should know appropriate spelling words. e.g. write and rewrite e.g. word and wordless R	Task 4 : Hints 1. Correct layout of letter to friend in other country. 2. Application of phonic in letter. 3. Correct use of language in letter.
	FAT Task 2 and 4	Written Response : Story
AS3 : Works with sentences 3.1 identifies subject, verb and object in a sentence ; 3.2 uses subject-verb agreement correctly ; 3.3 uses connecting words to express cause and effect (eg I don't like her because she is rude. 3.4 uses more complex tenses (eg present perfect progressive in English - 'I have been learning Xho sa for three years.)	R	Task 2 : Hints Our Country 1. Worksheet on Punctuation about SA. 2. Comprehension about our National Anthem. Story 1. Story about a hero from the past. 2. Use information from interview. 3. Write story with beginning, middle and ending paragraphs. 4. Make use of prepositions, and present perfect tense. 5. Make use of correct punctuation. 6. Use dictionary to check spelling of more difficult words.
	John sits on the chair.	Tool : Rubric : Writing
3.5 uses a variety of sentence types (questions, statements and commands) ; 3.6 identifies and correctly uses nouns, pronouns (me, her, him, etc.) adjectives, verbs, adverbs prepositions ; 3.7 uses punctuation correctly (exclamation marks, apostrophes in contractions in Eng. - e.g I'm, can't	R	Imaginative use of simile, synonyms and antonyms Correct spelling and use of punctuation Attempts to write in paragraphs Uses paragraphs
	FAT Task 2	
AS4 : Works with texts 4.1 links sentences to form paragraphs, maintaining consistency in use of tenses.	Exclamation marks 3 paragraphs.	Good use of simile, synonyms and antonyms in sentences Occasional spelling mistakes and use of prepositions Attempts to write in paragraphs
	FAT Task 2 and 4	Use of simile, synonyms and antonyms in sentences poorly Poor spelling and use of prepositions Attempts to write in paragraphs
AS5 : Develop critical language awareness 5.1 explores the way class uses lang., with whom and for what purposes.	R	Good use of simile, synonyms and antonyms in sentences Occasional spelling mistakes and use of prepositions Attempts to write in paragraphs
AS6 : Use meta-language (subject, verb, object question, statement, command, connecting word, simile, synonym, antonym exclamation mark!)	R	No sentences construction No punctuation No paragraphs
	FAT Task 4	

Attainment Targets and Formal Assessment Tasks

HOME LANGUAGE		TERM 4									
LO 6 : LANGUAGE STRUCTURE AND USE	AS1 : Relates sounds to letters and words 1.1 uses phonics to spell more difficult words.	80 words R	Written Response : Design and Make								
AS2 : Works with words	2.1 uses some spelling rules to spell correctly ; 2.2 uses a variety of sources to check spelling ; 2.3 uses prefixes and suffixes to build words ; 2.4 identifies and uses more synonyms and antonyms.	Should know appropriate spelling rules. eg. I before e except after c	Task 2 : Hints 1. Children listen to instructions about making of something out of waste material (bird feeder , space ship , 3D bird from shapes - cone, cylinder and sphere) 2. Children discuss in groups how to make object. 3. Plan and draw the object. List the requirements needed. 4. Application of phonic knowledge in task.								
AS3 : Works with sentences	3.1 identifies subject, verb and object in a sentence ; 3.2 uses subject-verb agreement correctly ; 3.3 uses connecting words to express cause and effect (eg I don't like her because she is rude.) 3.4 uses more complex tenses (eg present perfect progressive in English - "I have been learning Xhosa for three years.")	R	Checklist for object from waste material <table border="1" style="width: 100%;"><tr><td style="width: 50%;">1. Used only waste material</td><td style="width: 50%;">1</td></tr><tr><td>2. Applied group work skills.</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>3. All requirements were met.</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>4. Correct spelling of words.</td><td>4</td></tr></table>	1. Used only waste material	1	2. Applied group work skills.	2	3. All requirements were met.	3	4. Correct spelling of words.	4
1. Used only waste material	1										
2. Applied group work skills.	2										
3. All requirements were met.	3										
4. Correct spelling of words.	4										
AS4 : works with texts	3.5 uses a variety of sentence types (questions, statements and commands) ; 3.6 identifies and correctly uses nouns, pronouns (me, her, him, etc.) adjectives, verbs, adverbs prepositions ; 3.7 uses punctuation correctly (exclamation marks, apostrophes in contractions in Eng. -eg I'm, can't)	R Apostrophe	Written Response Task 4 : Hints See Task 3 : LO 1 See Task 4 : LO 5								
	4.1 links sentences to form paragraphs, maintaining consistency in use of tenses.	Link sentences to form a story.	Written Response Task 5 : Hints See Task 4 : LO 5								
AS5 : Develop critical language awareness	5.1 explores the way classes slang, with whom and for what purposes.	R	Written Response Task 6 : Hints See Task 4 : LO 5								
	6.1 uses meta-language (subject, verb, object question, statement, command, connecting word, simile, synonym, antonym exclamation mark)	R	Written Response Task 7 : Hints See Task 4 : LO 5								
	7.1 explores the way classes slang, with whom and for what purposes.	R	Written Response Task 8 : Hints See Task 4 : LO 5								

SUMMARY OF FORMAL ASSESSMENT TASKS

Term 1			
FAT 1	FAT 2	FAT 3	FAT 4
LO1AS1	LO3AS3	LO1AS6	LO3AS5
LO1AS2	LO3AS4	LO2AS5	LO4AS4
			LO4AS6
			LO4AS7
			LO5AS2
LO2AS1	LO4AS2	LO2AS8	LO5AS4
	LO5AS2		LO6AS2
	LO6AS8		LO6AS3
Term 2			
LO1AS5	LO3AS1	LO1AS4	LO3AS1
LO2AS2	LO3AS3	LO1AS6	LO3AS2
	LO3AS4		LO3AS3
	LO3AS5		LO4AS2
			LO4AS4
	LO4AS2		LO4AS6
	LO5AS2		LO4AS7
			LO5AS4
	LO6AS3		LO6AS2
Term 3			
LO1AS3	LO3AS3	LO1AS4	LO3AS2
LO2AS3	LO3AS4	LO2AS5	LO3AS3
LO2AS4	LO3AS5	LO2AS6	LO3AS5
LO3AS2		LO2AS7	LO4AS2
LO5AS3	LO4AS2		LO4AS3
	LO4AS3		
	LO4AS6		LO5AS3
	LO4AS7		LO6AS2
	LO6AS2		LO6AS4
	LO6AS3		LO6AS6
	LO6AS4		
Term 4			
LO1AS4	LO3AS3	LO1AS4	LO4AS2
LO2AS5		LO1AS6	LO4AS6
	LO5AS2	LO2AS2	LO4AS7
	LO6AS2		LO5AS3 &4
			LO6AS6

Exemplar of a Formal Assessment Task

Wendy of the Christian Religion

Good day. My name is Rani. May I ask you a few questions about your religion?



Pleased to meet you. My name is Wendy. I'll gladly answer your questions.

What is the name of your religion?



We believe in God the Father, the Son and the Holy Spirit. We are called Christians. We read the Bible and live according to the 10 commandments.

Are there special decorations used in your religion?



Yes. The cross where Jesus died for our sins, is very important to Christians. Zionists wear a black square with a silver star on it.

Do you wear any special clothing?



We do not wear any specific clothing. The priests in the Roman Catholic Church wears a robe and nuns wear a black robe with a white head cover.

Is there a special day during the week for a Christian?



We go to church on Sunday and listen to the sermon of the Reverend. Roman Catholics can also go to a cathedral.

Exemplar of a Formal Assessment Task

Wendy of the Christian Religion

Are there any other special days that you celebrate?

Yes. We celebrate Good Friday and Easter Monday during the Easter period. 40 Days before Easter we celebrate Lent to commemorate the crucifixion of Jesus Christ.

Do you celebrate any other religious holidays?



Every year, on 25 December we celebrate Christmas. This is to remind us that God sent his only Son to the world. We all get gifts from family members and get together for a feast.

Do you eat any special food?



We do not follow a specific diet. During Lent we refrain from eating sweets. At Easter we eat hot cross buns and chocolate eggs to remind us that Jesus died on the cross for our sins.

Thank you Wendy. Now i know more about your religion.

It was a real pleasure speaking to you, Rani.

Exemplar of a Formal Assessment Task

Usha of the Hindu religion

Good day. My name is Frieda. May I ask you a few questions about your religion?



Pleased to meet you. My name is Usha. I'll answer your questions with pleasure. I am a Hindu woman.

What is the name of your religion?



We honour gods like Brahma, Shiva and Vishnu. In our homes we have a shrine. That is where we keep a statue of our god. We light lamps at the beginning of the day.

Are there special decorations used in your religion?



Yes. The Aum is the most comprehensive name for God. This is what the symbol looks like.

Do you wear any special clothing?

Woman wear a dress called a Sari. When we worship we wear a long piece of cloth draped over the body and head. Women also wear a round, red Tilaka on their foreheads.

Is there a special place you go, to worship?



We visit a temple on holy festivals. We take our shoes off and sit on the floor. Men and women sit apart

Exemplar of a Formal Assessment Task

Usha of the Hindu Religion

Which specific days are celebrated by your religion?

We celebrate the Diwali festival. This is called the festival of lights. Through this we commemorate the triumph of good over evil. The festival lasts for 5 days and families get together.

Do you eat any specific food.



We do not eat beef. Some Hindus follow a vegetarian diet and don't eat eggs or fish either. We do drink milk.

Thank you Usha. Now i know more about your religion.

It was a very good conversation. Thank you Frieda.

Exemplar of a Formal Assessment Task

John of the Jewish Religion

Good day. My name is Peter. May I ask you a few questions about your religion?



Pleased to meet you. I am John, a Jewish rabbi from the synagogue. I'll gladly answer your questions.

What is the name of your religion?



Our religion is called Judaism. We believe in God. Our teachings are based on the Hebrew Scriptures, called the Torah.

Are there special decorations used in your religion?

Yes. During the Chanuka festival, we use a Menorah with candles. Everyday, one is lit, with the candle from the ninth branch. Our sign is the Star of David.

May I see what it looks like?



Certainly. On the left is the Menorah and the Star of David on the right.

Do you wear any special clothing?



Jews pray 3 times per day. The father of the house, as well as the older sons, wear a yarmelka to cover their heads. They also wrap a prayer shawl around their shoulders.

Exemplar of a Formal Assessment Task

John of the Jewish Religion

Which special days do you celebrate?

We celebrate Sabbath every Friday at sunset with candles and a special meal. We may not do any work or prepare any food during **Sabbath**

Are there any other special days that you celebrate?

Yes. We celebrate the Jewish New Year, also called Rosh Hashanah, during September to October. We eat apples, dipped in honey, to wish each other a sweet New Year.

I understand that you also celebrate Yom Kippur?

We celebrate Yom Kippur 10 days after New Year. We fast from sunrise to sunset. We pay for our sins of the previous year and to show our commitment to refrain from making the same mistakes

Do you celebrate any other religious holidays?

Yes. We celebrate Passover over 8 days in March to April. This is to remember our exodus from Egypt. We eat Sedar, a special meal of radishes, salted eggs and lamb shank. It also includes nuts, Matzah, cinnamon and wine.

Are there any other rules about your food?

Yes, we only eat Kosher food. It is prepared according to Jewish laws. Blood must be removed from meat. Meat may not be eaten with dairy products and the eating of pork and shelfish are not allowed.

Thank you Rabbi. I have learnt so much.

It was a pleasure Peter. I am happy that i could tell you about my religion.

Exemplar of a Formal Assessment Task

Jamila of the Muslim Religion

Good morning. My name is Susan. May I ask you a few questions about your religion?



Pleased to meet you. I am Jamila. I am a cleaner in the Mosque. This is the place where we worship.

What is the name of your religion?



Our religion is called Islam. We believe in Allah. The Imam, reads from our Holy Scripture, the Qu'ran.

Are there special decorations used in your religion?



No, there are only geometrical patterns. Nothing must draw our attention away from Allah. We pray on decorated carpets.

Why do you close your shops on a Friday.

All the men attend prayers on a Friday between 12:30 and 14:00. This is called Jum'a. They say their prayers facing Mecca, the holy city.

Do you wear any special clothing?



Our clothes are very plain and it covers most of our bodies. The women have to cover their faces with cloths. Only their eyes show. Men wear a fez that is flat on top.

Exemplar of a Formal Assessment Task

Jamila of the Muslim Religion

Do you make use of any symbols in your religion?



Yes. We only have the Crescent and Star. It also appears on flags of Muslim countries.

What special holy days do you celebrate?

We have a few, of which Ramadan, our Holy month, is best known.
We fast from dawn to dusk. The children don't have to fast.

When is this celebrated?

The Holy month occurs in September and ends on the 29th day when the new moon is sighted. A feast, the Eid ul-Fitr, marks the end of Ramadan, with lots of food and gifts.

Are there any rules about your food?

Yes, we are only allowed to eat products marked Halaal which is a special way of slaughtering animals. We are not allowed to eat pork or gelatine and may not drink alcohol.

Name any other holy days.

Muharram is the first month of the calendar of Islam. Muslim worshippers are all very happy and wish each other good luck. The poor receive gifts from the rich people.

Thank you, Jamila. I have learnt so much.

It was a pleasure Susan. I am happy that I could tell you about my religion.

Exemplar of a Formal Assessment Task

Our National Anthem is on the cover of your Theme 4 book.

Nkosi Sikelel' iAfrika is a prayer for God's blessing on our land and all its people. It was composed by Enoch Sontonga, a teacher, when he was 24. Die Stem, written by C.J. Langenhoven, describes our beautiful country.

Together they form the National Anthem of South Africa. Read the National Anthem on the cover of your book carefully. Discuss the meaning of the words with your teacher and then answer the questions below.

Questions :

1. Our National Anthem is a prayer. What is it called?

2. What are we praying for in our National Anthem?

3. The first part of our National Anthem was written by

_____ when he was ____ years old.

4. What is the name of the song that describes our beautiful country and who wrote it?

5. What does our National Anthem want to bring together?

6. What should you do when you sing the National Anthem?

HL LO 4: 1 2 3 4

HL LO 5 : 1 2 3 4

HL LO 6 : 1 2 3 4

Exemplar of a Formal Assessment Task

Gelowe : Taak 4 Task : Religions	Naam Name	
Skryf die naam van die geloof langs die fees.	Write the name of the religion next to the festival.	
	Christene 1 Christians	
Kersfees <input type="checkbox"/>		
Paasfees <input type="checkbox"/>		
Ramadaan <input type="checkbox"/>	Judiasme 2 Judaism	
Chanoeka <input type="checkbox"/>		
Muharram <input type="checkbox"/>	Moslems 3 Muslims	
Yom Kippoer <input type="checkbox"/>		
Goeie Vrydag <input type="checkbox"/>		
Geboorte van Bab <input type="checkbox"/>	Hindoes 4 Hindu	
Paas Maandag <input type="checkbox"/>		
Rama Navami <input type="checkbox"/>	Boeddhiste 5 Buddhists	
Rosj Hasjana <input type="checkbox"/>		
Naw-Ruz <input type="checkbox"/>	Baha'i Geloof 6 Baha'i Faith	
Zul Hijjah <input type="checkbox"/>		
Diwali <input type="checkbox"/>		
Huistaal : LU4, AS 6,7,LU5 AS 3,LU6, AS3	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 4	Home Language : LU4, AS 6,7,LU5, AS 3,LU6, AS3
Lewensvaardighede : LU 2 AS 5	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 4	Life Orientation : LO 2 AS 5
Wiskunde : LU 4 AS 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 4	Mathematics : LO4 AS 3

Exemplar of a Formal Assessment Task

Name:	Date:	
Task 4		
<p>Arrange the sentences according to the months of the year in the blocks on the left and then rewrite each sentence in the line below. Remember: Names of days of the week, months of the year, and holidays begin with capital letters.</p>		
1.	the 27th of april is the day we celebrate freedom day.	
2.	human rights' day is celebrated on the 21st march.	
3.	ramadaan, in september, is celebrated by the muslim religion.	
4.	the diwali festival in november, is celebrated by the hindu religion.	
5.	in the beginning of march, the jewish people celebrate purim.	
6.	good friday is celebrated on the first friday of april.	
7.	the 16th of june will always be known as youth day.	
8.	in south africa, we celebrate workers' day on the first of may.	
9.	the first day of january is called new year's day.	
10.	the 25th of december is known to all christians as christmas day.	
LO 4	Home Language	1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 4 <input type="checkbox"/> AS 6
LO 4	Home Language	1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 4 <input type="checkbox"/> AS 7
LO 5	Home Language	1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 4 <input type="checkbox"/> AS 3
LO 6	Home Language	1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 4 <input type="checkbox"/> AS 2
<p>Write all the -ay- words from these sentences, in alphabetical order below. Can you write 4 more -ay- words that you can remember.</p>		<p>There are 2 fairy-e- words in the sentences above. Can you find them? If you are clever, you can write 6 more fairy -e- words!</p>
LO 3	Home Language	1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 4 <input type="checkbox"/> AS 3.1.3
LO 3	Home Language	1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 4 <input type="checkbox"/> AS 4.3
LO 4	Mathematics	1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 4 <input type="checkbox"/> AS 3

Assessment Programme

		FOUNDATION PHASE					
		TEACHER:		GRADE: 3 LITERACY -Home Language(English)		YEAR:	
LA, LO, AS	First Term	LA, LO, AS	Second Term	LA, LO, AS	Third Term	LA, LO, AS	Fourth Term
LO1 TASK 1: Oral response Discussion Listens to learners telling news			TASK 1: Oral response		TASK 1: Oral response- reading		TASK 1: Oral response Design and make
AS 1,2 about holiday.	LO1 Discussion about the environment. Teacher/Learners.	LO1 Teacher read story about hero.	LO1 Teacher read story about hero.			LO1 Learners listen to instructions on how to make bird feeder.Discuss in groups	
Learners tell news on mat.	AS5	AS3	AS3	AS3	AS3	AS4	
AS 1	LO2		LO2		LO2		LO2
						Plan and Draw. Report back.	
	AS2		AS2	AS3,4	AS3,4	AS5	
				LO3			
				AS2			
					TASK 2: Oral response-reading		TASK 2: Oral response-design and make
LO3 TASK 2:Oral response Written response			TASK 2: Reading,Design and Make.		TASK 2: Oral response- reading		
AS 3,4 Learners read-questions, story, Riddles.Phonics test on spelling	LO3 Learners read comprehension.Read map.Photics Test.Make sentences	LO3 Read own story about a hero .Infer-view.	LO3 Read own story about a hero .Infer-view.		LO3 Read instructions and list of requirements for bird feeder.Plan/draw		
	AS 1,3,4,5 (Brainstorm)Write words under	AS2,4,5 view. Write the story. Use dictionary.			AS3		
		Check punctuation and spelling rules					
AS2 words.Make sentences.Use Magazine.Match 2 parts of	LO4 (1 paragraph) about environment.	LO4 AS2,3,6,7,			LO5 Phonics test, make sentences		
		Write a letter, discuss and edit own writing, check punctuation			AS3		
		Writing patterns and letters					
AS2 Sentences.Rewrite in workbook.	LO5AS2 Similarities and Differences		LO6 Spelling rules, prepositions, build		LO6		
LO6AS8 Use correct punctuation.	LO6AS3 Adverbs and Verbs : Pictures	AS2,3,4 paragraphs			AS2	Supply comic strips Predict what will happen. Write own ending. Puppet show.	Spelling rules

Assessment Programme

TEACHER:		FOUNDATION PHASE		YEAR:	
		GRADE: 3 LITERACY -Home Language(English)			
		TASK 3: Oral response Discussion		TASK 3. Oral response-talk about	
LO1	Q/A about good and bad eating	LO1	Discuss religions and have Interviews.	LO1	Children receive letters from other Countries. Read to peers, Summarize Facts.
AS6	Habits. Teacher reads Riddles.	AS4		AS4	AS4,6 Space.Draw picture of character.
LO2	Group make fruitman.Read and "rap" poems.		Discuss words and Labels and Sentences.	LO2	Answers questions.
AS5,8	"rap" poems.	AS6	Puppet show and respond to questions	AS5,6,7	AS2
		TASK 4: Written response Sentences		TASK 4: Written response Labels sentences	
LO3	Reads comics	LO3	Answer questions AS1,2,3	LO3	Answer questions on a story AS 2,3,5
AS 5	Analyse an advertisement		Use visual cues – news events		Reads a paragraph and predicts
					Advertisement and interviews
LO4	Read poems.Develop vocabulary.	LO4	Keep a diary and write a paragraph	LO4	Read letters from children from other
AS4,6,7	Dramatize poem/Rap.Write own	AS2,4,6,7	Shares writing with peers, writing patterns and letters	AS2,3	AS2,6,7 Countries, Phonic test, make sentences
LO5	Poems, write sentences about	LO5	Worksheets-correct order and	LO5	Draft, Edit, Write own letter.
AS 2, 4	good and bad eating habits.	AS2	Punctuation of sentences.	AS3	AS3,4 Check spelling rules.
LO6	Use correct punctuation.	LO6	Write 1 paragraph about religious	LO6	AS3,4 Check own work.
AS2,3	Rhyme words.	AS2	Festivals. Make patterns.Alph.order.	AS2,4,6	AS6 Dialogue

High Frequency Words

The first 12 key words make up one quarter of those words we read and write. These three sections show 100 key words that make up one half of those in common use.

The next 20 key words

The first 12 words

a	and	he	in	is	it	of	that	the	to	was	I
---	-----	----	----	----	----	----	------	-----	----	-----	---

all	as	at	be	but	are
for	had	have	him	his	not
on	one	said	so	you	we
with	you	they			

68 more key words

about	an	back	been	before	big
call	came	can	come	could	did
do	down	first	from	get	go
has	her	here	if	into	just
like	little	look	made	make	me
more	much	must	my	no	new
now	off	only	or	our	over
other	out	right	see	she	old
same	their	them	then	there	this
two	up	want	well	went	who
were	what	when	where	which	will
your					

Does your child KNOW these words? They are vital in mastering the skill of reading.

High Frequency Words

High Frequency words each learner should know.
These words are frequently used in reading and writing.

FIRST 100 WORDS

a	and	he	I	in	is	it	of
that	the	to	was	all	as	at	be
but	are	for	had	have	him	his	not
on	one	said	so	they	we	with	you
about	an	back	been	before	big	cut	call
came	can	come	could	did	do	down	first
from	get	go	has	her	here	if	into
just	like	little	look	made	make	more	me
much	must	my	no	new	now	off	old
only	or	our	other	out	over	right	see
she	some	their	them	then	there	this	tow
up	want	well	went	were	what	when	where
which	who	will	your				

NEXT 100 WORDS

after	again	always	am	another	any	ask	away
bad	because	best	bird	black	blue	boy	bring
day	dog	don't	eat	every	far	fast	father
fell	find	five	fly	four	found	gave	girl
give	going	good	got	green	hand	head	help
home	house	how	jump	keep	know	last	left
let	live	long	man	many	may	man	mother
Mr.	never	next	once	open	own	play	put
ran	read	red	room	round	run	sat	saw
say	school	should	sing	sit	soon	stop	take
tell	than	these	thing	think	three	time	too
tree	under	us	very	walk	white	why	wish
work	would	year	yellow				